G 7349.9

G. R. S. IX-5] 1889-90

Previous references.
L.E. 1-86-1611.
L.E. 1-89-1611.

File No. L-89

Serial Nos. 1622

192

(L. E)

Later references.
L.E.5-92-1625
L.E.4-92-1629

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. ~~1619~~ 1622

Part B for ~~October~~ July 1902

SUBJECT.

Rules relating to the Mysore Advocates & Solicitors Examination

---

L 19.

To. The Registrar Chief Court
" Pleaders Dn. G.

No. 8025-6 of 13-12-1900.
and 1722

Approving the addenda & the Rules ——

Received 19-3-02

WD 1888—GPB—16,826—23-7-21

The Upper Readers' Examination

List of Papers in ... General ... File No. 89 ... of ... 1892 ... Part III

Serial No.	Letter No.	Letter Date	From	To	Subject
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2/E	8-1-1890	Chief Justice	Deemin	Suggesting certain precautions re Readers Rules published in 1884 - 12 th Dec
2	1180	24/26 - 3-1890	Chief Secy	Chief Justice	Forwarding a revised draft of Advocate & Readers Rules
3	14210/211	18-3-91/20	Do	Registrar	Reminder, inviting attention to the above
4	500/E	29-7-91	Chief Justice	Deemin	Forwarding opinions on the draft rules
5	..	..	Draft rules as revised by the Oriental Law		
6	696/E	11-8-92	Chief Justice	Deemin	Requesting orders on the draft Rules.
7	9698/349-92	31/3 - 12-92 / 1-93	Chief Secy	Registrar	Forwarding Rules as approved by Govt
8	17/E	23-1-93	Registrar	Chief Secy	Requesting a copy of other rules referred to in the above with a list
9	13260/349-92	27-1-93	Registrar Chief Secy	Registrar	Forwarding the above
10	719/E	25-9-93	Chief Justice	Mr Deemin	Soliciting sanction for permitting Students qualified under the old Rules who appear for Readers' Exam in the Examn to be held in August 1894
11	12758/2767	3-2-94	Chief Secy	Chief Justice	Approving of the above & also asking the Chief Justice whether a time for the enrolment as Readers of men who have not passed Middle School or Matriculation but are qualified under the Rules
12	3701-257	12-2-94	Registrar & the Chief Justice		Court - admitting certain candidates to the Examination of 1894
13	19354/E 315	12-5-94	Chief Secy	Registrar	Suggesting Amendments of Chief Court's Notification 4286 dated 13-3-1894
14	1098/E	19-5-94	Secy Bd of Exam	Chief Secy	Enquiring whether the Certificate as to character mentioned in the above Rules be Govt-certificates
15	20242/4580	25-5-94	Chief Secy	Secy Bd of Exam	Replying in the affirmative
16	Do	22-8-94	Do	Mr Sabhapathy	Papers to the Examiner

MGCPB—1000—24

17	..	3	Mr	Slips re	No 3606/169	dated 24-1-96 & Correspondence abt Pleadings Papers
18	Pelelm	2[illegible]-5-96	Despatch Kenya	Governor		Prays for sanction Ordinance re appearance as the first-grade Pleaders Act
19	do	4-5-96	Despatch Kenya	do		do
20	..	10-6-96	a Slip from the Chamberlain of the Secretary			& the remarks thereon
21	2626/71	15-10-1900	Despatch	Secretary		Submitting a draft addenda to the rules relating to Advocates Pleaders as also to the Bijapur Local Service Examinations
22	..	14-11-1900	Mr memo enclosing			first orders on the above.
23	3572/115	23-11-1900	Despatch	Secretary		Reminder requesting early orders
24	8025-6/1722	13-12-1900	Secretary	Despatch		Conveying approval with addenda

(22)

Resubd. to the Hon.
Dewan with the
L.2.2-09 Port St. George Gazette
called for. AK 14/11.

15374 I also appear
of the draft addendum
and of the Repealed
We may convey
approval
AH
14/11/1911

AK
AK
To Branch
Hon. Dewan
Secretary
Asst. Secy
Chief Engineer
Collector
AK 11/11/11

Addressed
AK
11/11

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

Dis. No. 288.

The High Court has made the following amendment of Rule 1 of the Rules for the qualification and admission of persons as Vakils of the High Court of Madras, dated 2nd February 1891, No. 299 :—

In Rule 1, after the word "contained" *omit* the full stop and *add* :—

"and shall produce a certificate from the Judge of the Court who is, for the time being, the President of the Pleadership Examination Board that he has passed an examination in the Law of Practice and Procedure, Civil and Criminal, prevailing in the High Court and the Courts subordinate thereto."

"Provided that persons who obtained the Degree of Bachelor of Laws in the University of Madras by virtue of having passed the examination prescribed for the degree, which was held in January 1899 or any year previous to 1899, shall not be required to produce the certificate prescribed by this Rule."

(Signed) C. ARNOLD WHITE, *Chief Justice.*
(,,) H. H. SHEPHARD,
(,,) J. A. DAVIES,
(,,) R. S. BENSON,
(,,) H. T. BODDAM,
(,,) LEWIS MOORE, } *Judges.*

High Court of Judicature, Madras,
30th March 1900.

A. L. HANNAY,
Registrar.

Dis. No. 291.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

VACATION—1900.

NOTICE.

Except as hereunder mentioned, the Court and the Office of the Registrar will be closed from Monday the 7th May to Saturday the 14th July 1900, inclusive.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Moore will act as vacation Judge.

An Appellate Court of two Judges will sit on Wednesday the 13th June 1900 and following days for the disposal of Referred Trials and other urgent Criminal work.

The Vacation Judge will dispose of urgent applications which require to be *immediately* heard whether in proceedings on the Appellate or Original Side of the High Court, on Wednesday in every week commencing on Wednesday the 9th May 1900.

Notice of every application shall be given to the Registrar of the High Court before 1 P.M. on Tuesdays.

Urgent matters when Judge not present in Court.

In any case of *great* urgency, application may be made by delivering to the Registrar of the High Court a request to transmit the necessary papers to the Vacation Judge together with the sum requisite for their transmission ; the Registrar shall, if he considers the case one of sufficient urgency, transmit the application accordingly, and it will be heard on 24 hours' notice, if possible.

Registrar's Office.

No appeal, plaint or other proceeding or application except urgent applications as above mentioned will be received or filed during the vacation.

The office of the Registrar will be open on Tuesday in each week commencing on Tuesday the 8th May 1900, from 12 noon to 2 P.M. for compliance with applications for the issue of process or for copies of documents, presented on or before the 5th of May 1900 and also on Wednesdays from 4 P.M., if necessary.

High Court of Judicature, Madras,
3rd April 1900.

A. L. HANNAY,
Registrar.

Dis. No. 292.

CIRCULAR.

In a recent case a Vakil was reported to the High Court on the ground that he had infringed the terms of High Court Circular, Dis. No. 486, dated 13th March 1899, which prohibits Vakils from carrying on any trade or business without the previous sanction of the High Court, by having accepted the post of agent to a "chit" transaction continuing for 4½ years, started by himself and seven other

Vakils for the purpose of saving their earnings. The High Court desires it to be known that the circular above referred to was never intended to prevent a Vakil from joining with a few fellow Vakils in such a transaction, for it is not incompatible with the honest discharge of professional duties. District and Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs are warned against hasty action under the circular quoted.

(By the Court.)

High Court of Judicature, Madras,
4th April 1900.

A. L. HANNAY,
Registrar.

DIS. No. 297.

The High Court has made the following Rule under sections 287 and 652 of the Code of Civil Procedure:—

"Whenever guns or other arms in respect of which licenses have to be taken by purchasers under the Indian Arms Act, XI of 1878, are sold by public auction in execution of decrees, the Court directing the sale shall give due notice to the Magistrate of the District of the names and addresses of the purchasers and of the time and place of the intended delivery to the purchasers of such arms, so that proper steps may be taken by the police to enforce the requirements of the Indian Arms Act."

(By order.)

High Court of Judicature, Madras,
5th April 1900.

A. L. HANNAY,
Registrar.

PROCLAMATION.

Madras to wit.

By virtue of a Precept to me directed by Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery in and for Fort St. George, the Town of Madras and the local limits thereof and the places and factories subordinate thereto will be holden at the Court House of the Court at Madras aforesaid on Monday the 23rd day of April ensuing the date hereof at eleven o'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed within Fort St. George or the Town of Madras at the local limits thereof and places and factories subordinate thereto and dependant thereon.

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above sessions or in any wise concerned therein to attend at the time and place abovementioned and not to depart without leave.

Dated this 22nd day of March 1900.

P. RAMASAWMY CHETTY,
Sheriff.

ADJOURNMENT OF COURTS.

The Madras Court of Small Causes will be adjourned for the annual vacation from Monday the 7th May to Saturday the 14th July 1900, inclusive.

2. One of the Judges will attend throughout (except on Saturdays and other authorised holidays) for the disposal of emergent work, and the office of the Registrar will be opened on the same days.

Court of Small Causes, Madras,
9th April 1900.

FRED. B. LOVERY,
Registrar.

The Civil Courts in the District of Vizagapatam will be closed for the annual recess for 1900 as follows:—

District and Sessions Court	From Monday the 14th May to Saturday the 14th July 1900, both days inclusive.
District Munsifs' Courts of Vizagapatam, Chodavaram, Vizianagram, Parvatipuram and Yellamanchili.	From Monday the 14th May to Sunday the 24th June 1900, both days inclusive.
District Munsif's Court of Razam	From Monday the 4th June to Saturday the 14th July 1900, both days inclusive.

Extracts from the M. U.
Calendar for 1900-1901.

LL-289

190. Candidates for the B.L. degree examination shall be examined on the following subjects :-

i) The theory and Law of Property including (a) the Law of Trusts & Trustees; (b) Transfer of Property.

ii) Hindu & Muhammadan La

iii) Indian Constitutional Law.

iv) ~~Indian~~ The Law of Evidence.

v) Criminal Law.

N. B. — The principles of Equity, in so far as they relate to the above mentioned subjects, will be included.

197. Candidates for the degree of Master of Laws shall be examined in the following subjects, and the questions may relate to the Codes of Substantive Law, which may have been enacted of the Indian Legislature relating to those subjects of examination :—

i. Jurisprudence —
(a) General Jurisprudence (b) Principles of & Theory of Legislation
ii Hindu Law .

iii The Theory & the Law of Property & Obligations —

(a) The Law of Trust & Trustees

(b) The law of Transfer of Property, including Testamentary and Intestate succession.

(c) The Law of "Contracts" including negotiable Instruments.

(d) The Law of Torts.

iv) Mercantile & Maritime Law.

v. Constitutional History of England

vi. International Law — (a) Public
(b) Private

vii Roman Law.

viii Evidence & Criminal Law.

4

1/2

Ch. Judge No 719 of 25 Sept 1894

Reden

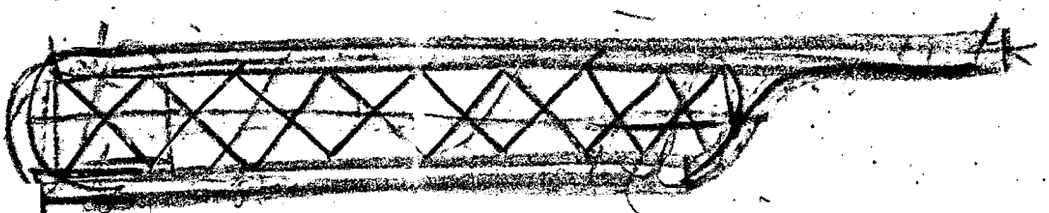
Lt. 22.89.

not yet issued
to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners

2/2/94.

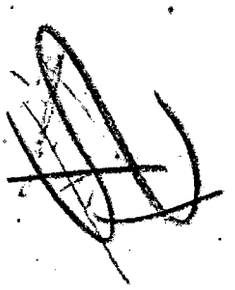
The Rector [illegible] in the

[illegible]



And the Churchwardens

[illegible]



VR
Receipt
VR
3/2

Attended to
Reden
3/2/94

[illegible]

If the Chief Constable thinks

~~[illegible]~~ it necessary

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Mr L. Draft

Let me see the Corr^ce about the ~~draft~~ removal of the Pl. Dr. ings Papers from the Ex^ve ~~of~~ for Pld. dership. HH 16/2

The Genl Branch.
PJ 16/2

Subd

Beyond what has already been submitted to the Under Secy there are no other papers in the Genl Branch 1/181, on the subject

The draft is herewith submitted. As I could not get the correspondence regarding the removal of the pleading paper, I have not mentioned anything about it in the draft.

H Oh

18/2/86

Entry in the Register
shows that No. 3606/149
dated 24-1-96 from
Registrar Chief Court
submitting for approval
an addendum to Rules
relating to Advocates
& Pleaders was sent
to Secretary vide G.F.
No. 349 of 1892 on
13-2-96.
Rec. 16-3-96

Put up

Relevant file

V.P.
16-3-96

Put up

Papers connected with these files were submitted to Dewan Bahadur with file No. 349 of 1892, Native Political Branch on 3rd March 1896.

Init.

2-6-96

9

Send this letter to the D&O. to be placed in that file

9/6

The whole file No 349 of 1892, has been submitted to the Secretary on the 16th April 1896.

9/6/96 D&O

To Secy

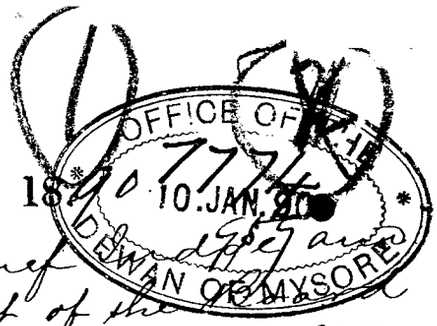
Committee of
I drafted an order
on a letter from
Chief Justice Fuller,
that the Marshal
of Utah Territory
not be recognized.
Was that upon?
I don't remember
seeing it in the
diary of Trowbridge
any more

AJP
10/6/96

1/E.60

9

(General Serial No. 29.)



1890

From The Chief Secretary and President of the Board of Examiners

To Dewan

~~The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner~~

of Mysore, Department.

Dated 8th January 1890

Despatched 9-

Received 10-1-90

Enclosures No.

General No. 22 } 18 —8 .
No.

Recommends that certain modifications and additions to the Pleaders Rules may be sanctioned.

Reference (Early)
10-1-90 MK

Submitted
23.1.90 MK

Put to Dewan for orders -
The Chief Secretary requests that these revised Pleaders' Rules may be returned for issuing Early -
25/1/90

27-1-90

22/1/90

Read 11-1-90.

14-1-90

No 2
R.

Bangalore 8th January 1890

10

L.E.V.-89-1

(1)

From,

C. G. Plumer Esqre
Chief Judge and President
of the Board of
Examiners

To

H. Sheshadri Iyer Esqre, B.S.L.
Dewan of Mysore

Sir,

I have the honor to recommend that the following modifications and additions to the Pleaders Rules published with Government Notification No. 187 dated 12th December 1884 may be sanctioned.

2. The modifications and additions proposed are few, and some of them have already received your sanction and I merely embody them in the proposed revised Rules both for the information of the public and for the sake of easy reference

3. In clause c Rule I I have struck out the words "or who has passed the Examination prescribed by the High Court of Madras for Pleaders of the 1st Grade". The Examination referred to is as a fact less severe than our Examination for 1st Grade Pleaders, inasmuch as in Madras, the obtaining a minimum number of marks in each and every subject is not insisted upon as it is in our Examination. It is manifestly a striking incon-sistency that a man who has passed the 1st Grade Pleader's test in Madras should be qualified to be an Advocate of our Chief Court, whereas a man who has passed our 1st Grade Pleader's test, a more severe examination, should only be qualified as a 1st Grade Pleader.

4. In para 4 of the Rules, Banga-lore was chosen as the place of the Examination; this has proved a very inconvenient arrangement for candidates from the Mysore

and Nagar Divisions, and repeated applications have been made to me that the Examination might be held at the same places as the Mysore Local Service Examinations; I have modified the existing Rules accordingly.

Submitted to Secretary in Revenue Department with letter No. 394 (C/20713) dated 13-12-89 from the President-Board of Examiners, dated 12th December 89.

5. In your letter No. 6113/50 dated 21st December 1888, you have sanctioned the substitution of the Land Revenue Code &c in the place of the "Revenue Manual" and in the Revised Rules, the subjects substituted are entered in the place of the Revenue Manual, which has been superseded by them.

8/30/88 Pub.

6. In para 5, clauses (c) and (d) already sanctioned in your Notification No. 274 dated 27th May 1885, have been embodied.

7. In clause (a) para VI, I have substituted the First Arts Examination for Matriculation and in clause (a) para VII, I have substituted Matriculation for Middle School Examination, in both cases

the

the object being to raise the standard and obtain a higher class of candidates.

6. By paras 8, 9 and 10 of the present Rules, it is contemplated that an application for the Examination should in the first place be made to the Registrar of the Chief Court 2 months before the Examination and that after the application is accepted, the requisite fee should be paid to him 10 days before the date of the Examination. As this process involves unnecessary correspondence and delay, I would recommend that all applications be submitted to the Registrar, so that they may reach him on or before the 31st of March of each year and that such application be accompanied by a Treasury Officer's Receipt for the payment of the fee necessary. In the event of any applications being found

inadmissible

24-2-89-1

inadmissible under the Rules and refused, the fact may be communicated to the candidate concerned and the fee paid, refunded to him. The Rules 8, 9 and 10 have been modified accordingly.

9. I have added para 11 in accordance with the views expressed by you in your letter No. 597/59 dated 8th December 1886.

10. I beg to take this opportunity of bringing to your notice that representations have been frequently made to me urging that candidates who have passed the Civil and Criminal Examinations should be exempted from passing the Pleaders Examination of the 1st Grade. In para 7 of the Rules relating to the Local Service Examination published with Government Notification No. 215 dated 29th January 1885, it has been laid down that persons who have passed the Examinations prescribed for the Pleaders of the

1st. Grade by the Chief Court of Ibnysore are exempted from passing the Civil and Criminal Examinations; but there is nothing in the Rules providing for a similar exemption from passing the Pleader's Examination in favor of the Candidates who may have passed the Civil and Criminal Examinations. The subjects for the 1st. Grade Pleaders Examination are the same as those prescribed for the Civil and Criminal Examinations, with the exception of the Registration Act and Pleadings. The omission of the Registration Act from the subjects of the Civil Examination was accidental and in a separate communication regarding the Ibnysore Local Service Examinations, I have proposed that the omission should be supplied. Pleadings will be the only extra subject that a candidate for the 1st. Grade Pleader's Examination may have to pass, and I beg to recommend that

on passing it, a candidate who has passed the Civil and Criminal Examinations may be declared eligible to be enrolled as a Pleader of the 1st Grade. A small fee, say ~~###~~ Rs 5/, for the Pleadings may be levied in such cases. If my recommendation be approved I would suggest that the proviso to the 11th Rule as well as the 12th Rule, as proposed, be added.

11. Para 11 of the present Rules will form para 13 of the Revised Rules.

2. A copy of the Rules as revised is herewith sent, and if they are approved, I request that they may be published in an early issue of the Mysore Gazette for the information of the Candidates who may wish to appear

for

for the Examination this year.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most Obed't. Servant

C. P. Turner

Chief Judge and

President.

C.M.

Rules relating to the Mysore Pleaders Examination. L.L.2-69-1

Note.

The following revised Rules framed by the Chief Court of Mysore under Sec. 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners Regn. 1884, having been approved by the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja are hereby published for general information in supersession of Rules published with Notfn. No. 187 dated 12 Dec. 1884 & (Govt. Gazette Vol. ... Page ... Amending it)

Rules

The following Rules in supersession of all previous Rules on the subject, framed under Section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Rajah, are published for general information. ~~Rules I to XII framed by the Chief Court of Mysore and published in the Gazette of 1891.~~

I The following persons are qualified for admission as Advocates of the Chief Court of Mysore.

(a) Any person who has been enrolled as an Advocate under the Advocates' and Pleaders' Rules dated

Clauses (c) of Rules II & III, and Rules IV & VI, shall not come into force in 1891

dated 18th February 1879.

(b) Any Barrister of any of the Inns of Courts in England, or Ireland a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

(c) An Advocate Vakil or Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India. Any person who has obtained the degree of M. L or B. L in any British Indian University, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral conduct.

II The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 1st Grade.

(a) Any person who has been enrolled or promoted as a Pleader,

1st Grade, under the Advocates and Pleaders Rules dated 18th Febry 1879.

(b) Any person who has passed the Examination prescribed ~~from time to time~~ by the Chief Court for the Pleaders of the 1st Grade, under the Rules published in Govt Notn No. 187 dd 12 Decr 1884

III The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade

(a) All persons enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules dated 18th February 1879, as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade.

(b) Any person who has passed the Examination prescribed ~~from time to time~~ by the Chief Court for Pleaders of the 2nd Grade, under the Rules published in Govt Notn No. 187 dd 12 Decr 1884.

(c) Any person who may pass in the first ~~[illegible]~~ Rev, Civil & Criminal Exn, under Rules published in Govt Notn No. dd. and who produces (1) a certificate of having passed the first Exn in Arts ~~of any Indian~~ a Univ in India other higher Exn ~~of any~~ Indian Universities & (2) a certificate of respectable birth & good Conduct

(c) As above (any recent Matrin & omitted in the first class

The

The provisions of clause (a) of Rule II and of clause (a) of Rule III do not apply to any person who has been enrolled conditionally on passing any examination.

IV An Examination in English for Pleaders shall be held yearly at the* Stations noted on the margin and on such dates in the months of June, as may be fixed by the Chief Court and notified in the Official Gazette. The examination shall be conducted by Examiners appointed by the Chief Court.

The Examination shall, until the further orders of the Chief Court comprize the following subjects.

* Bangalore
Mysore
Hassan
Chitinagalur
Shimoga
Chitaldroog
Kolar and
Tumkur

Subjects —	Regulations Acts Text Book
The Revenue and Stamp Acts and Rules in force in Mysore	L. & 2-89-1. 22 Mysore Land Revenue Code, Regulation IV of 1888 and rules passed thereunder and Part IV of Revenue Manual 1886 except Sections 2, 3, 4, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17. General Stamp Act I of 1879, Court Fees Act VII of 1870 and Rules thereunder.
Mortgage ———	Mc Pherson on Mortgages and Act IV of 1882
Hindu Law ——	Maynes Hindu Law and Usage.
Law of Torts ———	Collett on Torts
Mahomedan Law —	Sadagopachariar's Manual
Law of Contracts —	Act IX of 1872.
The Specific Relief Act.	Act I of 1877.
Law of Evidence —	Evidence Act I of 1872
Law of Limitation —	Act XV of 1877, Act XV of 1879 and Act VIII of 1880

Registration Act, Indian Penal Code, Codes of Civil and Criminal Procedure.

A paper will also be set to test the Candidates ability

IV
Before the enrolment of a Candidate qualified under Clause (b) of Rule II & Clause (c) of Rule III, a paper will be set, on a day to be [illegible]

pleaders & draft plaints and decrees, to frame issues & ca & ca in Canarese.

V To qualify

(a) For the 1st grade of Pleaders, candidates must obtain not less than 1/3 of the marks assigned for each subject and 2/5 of the aggregate marks.

(b) For the 2d grade of Pleaders, candidates must obtain 1/4 of the marks assigned for each subject, except Hindu Law, Evidence, Procedure Codes, and Penal Code in which 1/3rd of the marks assigned must be obtained and 1/3 of the aggregate marks.

(c) Any candidate who presents himself for ~~the obtains pass in the~~ no Cand'date who may fail to obtain 1/3 of the ~~Total~~ Marks in this paper, shall be entitled to admission as pleaders of the 1st or 2d Grade.

V. Application for admission as a pleader of the 1st or 2d Grade, shall be presented to the Registrar of the ch. ct & shall be accompanied by Certificates of qualification prescribed by Rules II or III by a Treasury Receipt for a fee of Rs 5 for the Pleadings Tests prescribed in Rule IV., this fee being paid into any Dt or Tk Treasury in Mysore.

VI

applications of persons qualified under clauses (c) of Rules II & III shd. also be accompanied.

for examination for a 2nd. Grade Pleadership and who obtains a sufficient number of marks to qualify for a 1st. Grade Pleader, shall if otherwise qualified, and on payment of the extra fee as prescribed by Rule XI be allowed a 1st. Grade certificate.

(d) Any candidate who presents himself for examination for a 1st. Grade Pleadership and who only qualifies for the 2nd. Grade shall be allowed a certificate for the 2nd. Grade.

VI Persons possessed of the following qualifications shall be entitled to present themselves for the Examinations for Pleaders of the 1st. Grade.

a) Any person who produces a certificate of having passed the First Arts Examination of any of the British Indian Universities.

b) Any person who produces a certificate from a Judge of the Chief Court or a District Judge, that he has, for not less than five years, filled with competency any appointment in his Court, the salary of which was not less than Rs 100 a month.

VII Persons possessed of the following qualifications shall be entitled to present themselves for the examination of Pleaders of the 2nd Grade.

(a) Any person who

produces a certificate of having passed the Matriculation Examination of any British Indian University

(b) Any person who produces a certificate from a Judge of any Court in the Province of having, for not less than five years, filled with competency an appointment in his Court, the salary of which was not less than Rs 25 a month.

VIII. Candidates for the Pleaders Examination must send in their applications in the subjoined form to the Registrar of the Chief Court so that they may reach the Registrar on or before the 31st. March or each .....

IX. Every Candidate

for the Examination should pass into a Taluq or District Treasury in the Mysore Province for Rs 25 or 15 according as he may wish to appear for the 1st or the 2nd Grade.

9. Every such application must be accompanied by

(a) A certificate of qualifications as required by Rules VI and VII.

(b) A certificate of respectability and good conduct.

(c) A certificate that the applicant is above 20 years of age.

(d) A receipt from a District or Taluq Treasury Officer in the Mysore Province for Rs 25 or 15 according to the grade of the Examination for which the applicant is a candidate.

All such applications shall be accepted or refused by an order by one of the Judges of the Chief Court.

XI – No candidate will be allowed to go up in different subjects of the Examination in different years. He must pass in all the subjects in the same year.

Provided that Candidates may appear for the Civil and Criminal Examinations separately in different years and that those who have passed both their Examinations will be eligible to be enrolled as Pleaders of the IInd Grade on their passing the Pleading test.

XII Candidates for Pleadings should

Rs 100 IInd Grade 9

submit their applications at the same time and in the same form with those for the 1st grade Pleader's Examination and their applications should be accompanied by a Treasury Officers Receipt for Rs 5/-

VII
~~XIII~~ All certificates granted under Sections 11 or 12 of the ~~said~~ Regulations shall be engrossed on Court Fees Stamp Papers of the values hereunder mentioned viz:-

	Rs
1) For an Advocate	300
2) For a Pleader of the 1st grade	15
3) For a Pleader of the 2nd grade	10

Provided that no stamp Fee shall be

required for a certificate granted to persons qualified under clause (a) of Rule I.

N. B. The additions and alterations are made in red ink

Chief Judge & President

Form of Application for Pleadership Examination

Name of Applicant	Father's name	Residence	Age	Present Occupation	Examination if any which the candidate has passed	The grade of the Examination for which candidate wishes to appear whether the 1st or 2d	Remarks.

Signature of Candidate

32

No. 1180 (2)

Office of the Dewan of Mysore

Camp Mysore 24/26 March 1890.

L. & J. - 89 - 2

To

The Chief Judge of Mysore

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letters noted in the margin forwarding revised Rules for the Local Service and Pleaders Examinations.

394/E dt 13-12-89
2 Es dt 8-1-90 ✓

2. I agree with you in the desirability of prescribing a higher qualification for ~~Advocates~~ by striking out the Madras 1st grade pleader's Examination as a qualifying Examination for Enrolment as ~~Advocates~~ in Mysore.

3. I also concur in your opinion that no person who has not passed the F.A or Matriculation Examination should be admitted respectively as 1st grade or 2nd grade pleaders in Mysore, but I would suggest the desirability of promoting to the 1st grade persons admitted as 2nd

grade pleaders under the proposed rules when they have satisfactorily and intelligently discharged their duties for say 5 or 8 years provided they have also passed the F.A. Examination. If this be done the failure to obtain 2/5 ths of the total No. of marks will not keep a man otherwise qualified always in the 2nd grade.

4. I also concur in your views regarding the exemption of persons who have passed the local Civil and Criminal Examinations from passing the 1st grade pleaders Examination except in Pleadings.

5. This has suggested to me further question whether we may not with advantage combine the Service tests with the pleaders Examination and do away with two sets of Rules. I am aware that the qualification for pleaders has to be laid down by the Chief Court under the Legal Practitioners Regulation, but what I propose is merely that

the Chief Court should prescribe as the required qualification, not merely the University Tests such as the F.A. and Matriculation, but also the Civil and Criminal local Service tests and the local Service Revenue test somewhat modified. The arrangement I propose has the recommendation of simplicity and should at any future time, the local Service tests become unsuitable for the Pleaders, the Chief Court will, of course, be at liberty to prescribe separate tests.

6. If this arrangement is accepted as suitable for the time being, a Revised Draft of the Pleaders Rules (somewhat on the lines of the one herewith forwarded) may be sufficient.

7. As regards the local Service Examinations - I have generally adopted the alterations proposed by you, but have also made further

alterations so as to make these Examinations the same as those now prescribed for Readers in accordance with the suggestion in para 5.

8. In the present state of the Revenue Service, it would be hard to require an old and Experienced Revenue Officer to pass the Civil Examination for promotion to an assistant Commissionership, in which he would have no actual Civil work. I would at the same time like to see among Assistant Commissioners a good proportion of men who have studied the Civil Law. Under such circumstances, I propose that for to promotion or in the grade of assistant commissioners, an officer of Experience as Huildar for 10 years or as Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey for 5 (five) years may be exempted from passing the Civil Examination.

9. As regards appointments to Talukdarships, I have already advised that preference should, as far

as possible be given to men qualified by the Local Service Criminal and Revenue Examinations. To do more at present, would I fear shut out for that grade a great No. of Experienced old Officers, who have nothing else to look to and besides it may also lead to the undesirable result of having as Taluk Sheristedars throughout the Province, young men who have passed the tests but have not the necessary Revenue Experience. Some years hence, when the young men who pass our tests acquire more Experience, it may be desirable to introduce the change under advertance.

6. The revised rules in so far as they relate to the Examinations should I think come into force from next year. Especially as higher Educational qualifications will be required from future Candidates for 1st and 2nd grade Pleaderships.

11. I forward herewith a Revised draft of the Local Service Examination Rules and upon receipt of your further opinion on the subject

shall cause the revised Notification
to be at once published in the
Gazette.

I have &c

(Sd) K. Sheshadri Ayr

Dewan.

22/3/90

Copy.

K.d
6/3/02

Draft Advocates & Pleaders' Rules.

Appd to in para 6 of the Dewan's letter
No 7 dated 24 March 1890. Draft

Notification

L.G.L-89-3

The following Rules in supercession of all previous Rules on the subject, framed under section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioner's Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, are published for general information || Clauses (c) of Rules II & III, and Rules IV & VI, shall not come into operation before June 1891.

I. The following persons are qualified for admission as Advocates of the Chief Court of Mysore.

(a) Any person who has

has been enrolled as an Advocate under the Advocates' and Pleaders' Rules dated 18th February 1879.

(b) Any Barrister of any of the Inns of Courts in England, or Ireland, a member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

(c) An Advocate, Vakil or Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India.

Any person who has obtained the degree of M. L or B. L in any British Indian University, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral Conduct.

II. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 1st Grade-

(a) Any person who has been enrolled or promoted as a Pleader, 1st Grade, under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules dated 18th Feb.y 1879.

(b) Any person who has passed the Examination prescribed by the Chief Court for the Pleaders of the 1st Grade, under the rules published in Government Notification No. 187 dated 12th December 1884.

(c) Any person who may pass in the first class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations, under Rules published in Govt.

Government Notification No. ~~dated~~ of this date, and who produces (1) a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts, or other higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University & (2) a certificate of respectability & character and good moral Conduct.

II. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade:-

(a) All persons enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules dated 18th February 1879, as Pleaders of the 2nd grade.

(b)

(b) Any person who has passed the Examinatio prescribed by the Chief Court for Pleaders of the grade, under the published in Govt. Notification No. 187 dated 12th December 1884

(c) Any person who may pass ~~[illegible]~~ the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations, under Rules published in Government Notification No. ~~dated~~ of this date, and who produces (1) a certificate of having passed the Matricu-lation & (2) a certificate of respectability, character and good Moral Conduct

(a other higher Exam^n in arts
in lieu of Matriculation in any
Indian University)

The provisions of clause (a) of Rule 11 and

and of clause (a) of Rule III do not apply to any person who has enrolled conditionally on passing any examination.

iv. Before the enrolment as 1st or 2nd grade Pleader, of a candidate qualified under clause (c) of Rule II and clause (c) of Rule III, a paper will be set, on a day to be named by the Chief Court, to test his ability to plead, draft plaints and decrees, to frame issues fit for, in Canarese. No candidate who may fail to obtain $\frac{1}{3}$rd of the maximum No. of marks in this paper, shall be entitled

entitled to admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd grade.

V. Application for admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd grade shall be presented to the Registrar of the Chief Court, and shall be accompanied by certificates of qualifications prescribed by Rule II or III

VI Applications of persons qualified under clauses (c) of Rules II & III should also be accompanied by a Treasury Officer's receipt of a fee of Rs: 5 for the Pleadings Test prescribed in Rule IV, this fee being paid into any District or Taluk Treasury in Mysore

VII -

vii All certificates granted under sections 11 or 12 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners Regulation 1884 shall be engrossed on Mysore Court Fees Stamp Papers of the values hereunder mentioned, viz:-

		Rs
(1)	For an Advocate -	300
(2)	For a Pleader of the 1st grade	15
(3)	For a Pleader of the 2nd grade	10

Provided that no stamp fee shall be required for a certificate granted to persons qualified under clause (a) of Rule I.

M. M/3/90.

Form of Application for Pleadership Examination

Name of applicant	Father's name	Residence	Age	Present occupation	Examination, if any, which the Candidate has passed	The grade of the Examination for which candidate wishes to appear whether the 1st or 2nd	Remarks.

1891 (4)

From The President of t
Board of Examiners

To
L. G. - The Dewan
of Mysore

Dated 29th July 1891
Despatched 29th ——
Received
Enclosures No ten

General No 500
No E.

Forwards for Considera-
-tion and orders Copies
of draft Rules with modi-
-fications for the Mysore
Local Service and
Pleaders' Examination

No 500/E En: 10

(4)

48

Bangalore 29th July 1891

L.S.L.-69-94

From,

T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty Esq
Chief Judge and President of
the Board of Local Service and
Pleaders Examinations in
Mysore.

To,

K. Seshadri Iyer Esq B.A.
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, no 1180, dated 24th March 1890, addressed to my predecessor Mr. Plumer, relating to the revised rules for the Local Service and Pleaders Examinations in Mysore.

2. I regret that, owing to the change in the personnel of this Court that took place last year, this subject has not received early consideration. Having now carefully considered the Revised Rules and having consulted my colleagues, I have the honour to state that the suggestions contained in paras 3 to 5 of your letter under acknowledgment seem unobjectionable,

and they have accordingly been adopted in the revised draft Rules herewith submitted for the final consideration and approval of Government.

3. When the Pleaders Rules were for the first time introduced into Mysore in 1867, persons who have exercised Criminal jurisdiction, not inferior to that of a Magistrate with full powers, were declared eligible for enrolment as Advocates of the Chief Court. This offered inducement to some of the retired judicial officers joining the bar. All our Munsiffs, Sub-Judges and District Judges are officers who have passed the prescribed Civil and Criminal tests. Should any of them, after retirement, wish to join the bar, they would be regarded as a valuable acquisition to the Legal Profession. Their long experience on the Bench, and knowledge of law and their respectable character would be a sufficient guarantee for their acquitting themselves remarkably as Advocates of the Chief Court, and their enrolment would also, I and my Colleagues think, add to the prestige and respectability of the Mysore Bar.

4. A clause has therefore been

added to Rule I of the Draft Rules to the effect, that a retired officer of the Mysore Government, who has held with good reputation the office of Munsiff, Sub-Judge or District Judge, or who has exercised the full powers of a Magistrate (1st class) for a period of five years, shall be eligible for enrolment as an Advocate of the Chief Court.

What does this qualify?

5. Under Clause (C) Rule I of the exst existing Rules, any person, who has passed the examination prescribed by the High Court of Madras for Pleaders of the First Grade, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral Conduct, is eligible for enrolment as an Advocate of the Chief Court. When the new Rules, now under consideration come into operation, the Rule quoted above will become obsolete, but I and my Colleagues Consider that we may may recognize the 1st Grade Pleaders' Certificate of qualification for enrolment as a 1st Grade Pleader in Mysore subject of Course to the production of Certificate of respectability and good

Conduct. A Clause has been added 51
to Rule II of the said draft Rules to give
effect to our proposal in this respect,
and I trust that it will meet with
the approval of Government.

6. Clause (b) Rule 9 of the Rules
relating to Local Service Examinations
proposed by you requires persons not in
Government Service to produce certificate
of character from Mysore officers of or
above the rank of a Deputy Commissioner
or District Judge. It would seem to throw
difficulty in the way of young men who, after
passing the F. A. or Matriculation ex
-amination from School, may wish to
appear for the 1st or 2nd grade
Readers' Examination, if they are un
-known to the superior officers men
-tioned in the Rule. The difficulty
may be obviated by giving the power of
granting certificates to all Assistant
Commissioners, Munsiffs or Amil
-dars and Principals of Colleges
and High Schools, and the Rule has been
amended accordingly.

a service
examinat
need not be
easily acc
-sible to
all you
men.

7. Rules 11 and 12 in your draft have
been combined, as the Medical officer
who certifies to the physical fitness
of the Candidate may conveniently cer
-tify also as to his age.

8. Mr Ramachandra Iyer suggests that a clause may be added to Rule 4 of the Draft Rules for Advocates and Pleaders, to the effect that Candidates, who have passed the Revenue, Civil and Criminal tests and who wish to be enrolled as Pleaders, should apply within a month from date of publication of the results of the Examinations; but it seems to me there is no object to be gained in compelling the Candidates to apply for enrolment within a fixed time.

None

9. Mr Ramachandra Iyer is of opinion that those who have qualified themselves for enrolment as Advocates or Pleaders under the Rules of 1879 and 1884, and who have not until now applied for enrolment, should not be allowed to claim the benefit of those Rules, after the passing of the new Rules, but with a view that those persons may not be injuriously affected by the new Rules, he suggests that three months' time be allowed after the publication of the new Rules, within which they may apply for enrolment, all

This is reasonable

admissions thereafter being regu
-lated according to the new Rules. I
am not quite in favour of this Sugges
-tion. I think the restriction pro
-posed may entail Lards Lip, especially
on those who have already applied for
enrolment under the existing rules
and who were told to renew their appli
-cations after they resign the public
Service.

10. The proviso in Rule 6
of the rules relating to the Local
Service Examinations, exempting
an officer of experience as a Bildar,
of 10 years and Assistant Superin
-tendent, Revenue Survey, of 5 years
standing, from the Civil Examination,
in order that it may not be a bar to
his promotion, has the Concurrence of
my Colleagues. But my only doubt
is, that a relaxation of the Rules in
favour of unpassed officers may
defeat the object and policy of the
rules and impair the efficiency of the
public service. The Government
may at any time exempt any officer
from passing the prescribed examin
-ations and appoint or promote
any officer on Special grounds.

Individual exemptions are much more inconvenient and embarrassing to Government than a general one such as that proposed by me.

It seems therefore inexpedient to provide in the Rules a general exemption in favour of officers of certain standing. The examination Rules have been in force in Mysore for the last 20 years and upwards, and all the officers now in the superior grades were appointed subject to their passing the prescribed examinations, and none of them can have any valid grounds to complain of supercession if they had failed to pass the examinations

a man who has been an Amildar all his life surely can't complain if you ask him to pass a Civil examination towards the end of his career before you will promote him to a Revenue Assistant Commissionership.

With regard to the subjects prescribed for the Civil Examination, it is suggested by Mr Ramachandra Iyer that the Easement Act of 1882 may be made a text book, and this Act and Mr Collett's work on Torts may be grouped into one subject, one paper of questions being set for both, and that Macpherson on Mortgages may be dispensed with, on the ground that it is a bulky and expensive work, and is merely a commentary on the Transfer of Property Act 4 of 1882, and that the Act alone may be prescribed as one of the subjects. This suggestion has been adopted, but I

why do we want Revenue Assistants to pass the Civil examinations or any Judicial examinations in accounts.

(Sd) K.S.

would, at the same time, submit for
the Consideration of Government the
desirability of introducing the Easement
Act and the Transfer of Property Act
into Mysore at an early date.

why have no cases arisen under these acts?

12 It is also suggested by Mr Rama
-chandra Iyer that the Registration
Act and the Stamp and Court Fees
Acts may form one subject and that
this may be transferred to the Head
"Revenue Examination," inasmuch
as it makes no difference under
which Head this group of subjects is
placed, since pleaders have to appear
for the Revenue Civil and Criminal
tests. There is undoubtedly an advan
-tage in bringing these subjects under the
Head "Revenue", as Amildars, who are
all Ex-officio Sub Registrars and who
need not pass the Civil examination
will be compelled to pass

pass an Examination in the Acts referred
to above and I have therefore adopted the
Suggestion.

Approved

13. Instead of having separate question
papers in Mahomedan and Hindu Laws,
Contract and Specific Relief Acts and
Civil Procedure Code and Limitation
Act, the subjects have been grouped
under 3 heads; one paper of questions
may be set on Mahomedan and
Hindu Law, another on Contract
and Specific Relief Act and a third
on Civil Procedure Code and Limitation
Act, as was done in the last Examination
with a maximum number of 150 marks
for each group.

14. My Colleagues think that an Advocate
of the Chief Court ought not to be compelled
to pass the Revenue Examination. They
consider that a man who has passed
the B.L. Examination, has studied the
law of property as discussed in
Williams law of real property and
Personal property and know something
of the theory of property, the mode of

acquisition and transfer the nature of Revenue, will acquire in the course of a few months practice a Competent knowledge of our Revenue Law. One who has passed the B.L. Examination is allowed to be enrolled as an Advocate without being required to pass an Examination in our Revenue Law, and an Advocate, who has good practice and who has made a name, though he will not care for a Munsiff's appointment may be induced to accept it, and if he does accept it, it will be to the advantage of the Judicial Department, and to insist upon such a man to pass the Revenue Examination will, my Colleagues think, be out of the question, and the field for the selection of proper men will be unduly narrowed if the proposed rule is sanctioned. May therefore suggest that Clause (a) of Rule may be modified by adding the words "and Revenue" after the words "Civil and Criminal". This is a matter for Considera-tion. As a Munsiff may sometimes be transferred to the Revenue Department as an Assistant Commissioner, it will

be necessary, I think, to insist upon his passing the Examination in the Revenue Subjects. I am doubtful as to the propriety of exempting Advocates of the Chief Court from passing the Revenue Examination if they wish to enter the Mysore General Service. A knowledge of the Local Revenue Laws is indispensable in the case of all those who may have to be employed in the Revenue department.

15. With reference to the minimum number of marks specified in the marginally noted table for each subject, my colleagues think that it is very high, and as year after year only a handful of men succeed in passing the Examinations, they suggest that a minimum of $\frac{1}{3}$ be insisted in four subjects only, viz.,

Subjects	Minimum required in each Subject.	Minimum required on the whole.
I Rev: & Ac.	$\frac{1}{3}$rd in (a) Mysore Land Rev: Law & Rules $\frac{1}{4}$th in (b) Stamp Law.	$\frac{2}{5}$th for 1st Class $\frac{1}{3}$ for 2nd Class
II Civil & Ac.	$\frac{1}{3}$ in (a) Evidence in (c) Hindu Law + in (i) Procedure $\frac{1}{4}$ in all other Subjects.	$\frac{2}{5}$th for 1st Class $\frac{1}{3}$ for 2nd Class
III Criml. & Ac.	$\frac{1}{3}$ in (a) Evidence in (b) Indian Penal Code + in (c) Procedure $\frac{1}{4}$ in (d) Police Rules.	$\frac{2}{5}$th for 1st Class $\frac{1}{3}$ for 2nd Class
IV Miss: Rev: & Ac.	$\frac{1}{4}$ in Each of the Subjects (a), (b) and (c).	$\frac{1}{3}$ Only one Class
V Accounts & Ac.	$\frac{1}{3}$ in (a) Civil Accounts and Service Regulations	$\frac{1}{3}$ Only one Class

Evidence Civil and Criminal Procedure Codes and Revenue Code and 1/4 in to all other subjects, and that it may be even reduced to three by excluding the Law of Evidence.

		Revenue	Pleaders	Criminal	Civil
Number passed	1886	20	1	6	"
	1887	30	10	23	"
	1888	38	5	35	1
	1889	24	10	34	"
	1890	24	11	24	1
Number failed	1886	17	4	13	"
	1887	12	7	17	"
	1888	21	21	37	1
	1889	21	11	21	1
	1890	26	10	22	"

I am not in favour of this proposal. The statement given in the margin shows that more than 50 per cent of the candidates who appeared for the Examinations have passed, and there is no reason to apprehend that our Examinations are unduly severe.

Copies of the draft Rules, to which the modifications recommended in this letter are herewith forwarded for final consideration and orders.

I have &c

Sd/ J. R. A. Mumbo Chetty
Chief Justice

Copy
P.D.
7/8/1891

1891

(3)

To

The Registrar
Chief Court.

Dated 18.3.1891
Despatched 20th

No 14210/211 L.S.C.-89-5

Sir,

I have the honor to invite your attention to this office No-1180 dated the 24th March 1890 forwarding for opinion revised draft of the Local Service Examination Rules and to request an early reply thereto.

I have &c

Sd/ A.S
18/3/91
Under Secy

Copy
WL 6/3/91.

(5) (4)

Draft Rules relating to Pleaders.

The following Rules, in supersession of all previous Rules on the subject, framed under Section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, are published for general information :—

The date is too early. One must give at least 2 years for any change — I would say 1st June 1893. — UL

Clause (*c*) of Rules II and III and Rules IV and VI shall not come into operation before 1st June 1892.

I. The following persons are qualified for admission as Advocates of the Chief Court of Mysore :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled as an Advocate under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any Barrister of any of the Inns of Courts in England or Ireland; or a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

(*c*) An Advocate, Vakil or Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India. Any person who has obtained the degree of M. L. or B. L. in any British Indian University, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral conduct.

Should he not produce a certificate of apprenticeship for at least one year? UL

(*d*) *Any 1st Grade Pleader, who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised for not less than 5 years, provided he has passed the B. A. Examination in any of the Indian Universities.*

I would omit this. One must insist upon experience. Knowledge, which is not obtained by practice in the lower courts. — UL

(*e*) *Any retired officer of the Mysore Government who has held, with good reputation, the office of Munsiff, Sub-Judge or District Judge, or who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class, for a period of not less than 5 years.*

I would omit the Magistrate. He does not of course in practice possess nothing as regards his knowledge of civil law. — UL

II. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 1st Grade :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled or promoted as a Pleader, 1st Grade, under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for the Pleaders of the 1st Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 1st Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts or other Higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

New

(*d*) *Any person who has passed the Tests prescribed for Pleaders of the 1st Grade by any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India.*

New

(*e*) *Any 2nd Grade Pleader who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised in any of the Courts in Mysore for not less than 5 years, provided he has also passed the First Examination in Arts in any of the Indian Universities.*

III. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade :—

(*a*) All persons enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884 as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for Pleaders of the 2nd Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

New

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 2nd Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations, under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the Matriculation or other higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

The provisions of Clause (*a*) of Rule II and of Clause (*a*) of Rule III do not apply to any person who has been enrolled conditionally on passing any examination.

It seems unnecessary & derogatory to the position of the candidates

IV. Before the enrolment, as 1st or 2nd Grade Pleader, of a Candidate qualified under Clause (*c*) of Rule II and Clause (*c*) of Rule III, a paper will be set, on a day to be named by the Chief Court, to test his ability to plead, draft plaints and decrees, to

frame issues, &c., in Canarese. No Candidate who may fail to obtain $\frac{1}{3}$ of the maximum number of marks in this paper shall be entitled to admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade.

V. Application for admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade shall be accompanied by certificates of qualifications prescribed by Rule II or III.

VI. Applications of persons qualified under Clauses (*c*) of Rules II and III should also be accompanied by Treasury Officer's receipt of a fee of Rs. 5 for the Pleadings Test prescribed by Rule IV, this fee being paid into any District or Taluk Treasury in Mysore.

VII. All certificates granted under Sections 11 or 12 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, shall be engrossed on Mysore Court Fee Stamp papers of the values hereunder mentioned, *viz* :—

		Rs.
(1)	For an Advocate ...	300
(2)	For a Pleader of the 1st Grade	15
(3)	For a Pleader of the 2nd Grade	10

Provided that no stamp fee shall be required for a certificate granted to persons qualified under Clause (*a*) of Rule I.

7/9/91

Draft Rules relating to Pleaders.

The following Rules, in supersession of all previous Rules on the subject, framed under Section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, are published for general information :—

Clause (*c*) of Rules II and III and Rules IV and VI shall not come into operation before 1st June 1892.

I. The following persons are qualified for admission as Advocates of the Chief Court of Mysore :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled as an Advocate under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any Barrister of any of the Inns of Courts in England or Ireland; or a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

(*c*) An Advocate, Vakil or Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India. Any person who has obtained the degree of M. L. or B. L. in any British Indian University, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral conduct.

(*d*) *Any 1st Grade Pleader, who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised for not less than 5 years, provided he has passed the B. A. Examination in any of the Indian Universities.*

(*e*) *Any retired officer of the Mysore Government who has held, with good reputation, the office of Munsiff, Sub-Judge or District Judge, or who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class, for a period of not less than 5 years.*

II. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 1st Grade :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled or promoted as a Pleader, 1st Grade, under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for the Pleaders of the 1st Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 1st Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces— Stamp law ^ rules

(1) a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts or other Higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

new | (*d*) *Any person who has passed the Tests prescribed for Pleaders of the 1st Grade by any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India.*

new | (*e*) *Any 2nd Grade Pleader who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised in any of the Courts in Mysore for not less than 5 years, provided he has also passed the First Examination in Arts in any of the Indian Universities.*

III. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade :—

new | (*a*) All persons enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884 as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for Pleaders of the 2nd Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

new | (*c*) Any person who may pass in the 2nd Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations, under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces— Stamp law ^ rules

(1) a certificate of having passed the Matriculation or other higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

The provisions of Clause (*a*) of Rule II and of Clause (*a*) of Rule III do not apply to any person who has been enrolled conditionally on passing any examination.

IV. Before the enrolment, as 1st or 2nd Grade Pleader, of a Candidate qualified under Clause (*c*) of Rule II and Clause (*c*) of Rule III, a paper will be set, on a day to be named by the Chief Court, to test his ability to plead, draft plaints and decrees, to

frame issues, &c., in Canarese. No Candidate who may fail to obtain $\frac{1}{3}$ of the maximum number of marks in this paper shall be entitled to admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade.

The following is omitted.
"Shall be presented to the Registrar of the Chief Court and."

V. Application for admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade shall be accompanied by certificates of qualifications prescribed by Rule II or III.

VI. Applications of persons qualified under Clauses (*c*) of Rules II and III should also be accompanied by Treasury Officer's receipt of a fee of Rs. 5 for the Pleadings Test prescribed by Rule IV, this fee being paid into any District or Taluk Treasury in Mysore.

VII. All certificates granted under Sections 11 or 12 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, shall be engrossed on Mysore Court Fee Stamp papers of the values hereunder mentioned, *viz* :—

		Rs.
(1)	For an Advocate ...	300
(2)	For a Pleader of the 1st Grade	15
(3)	For a Pleader of the 2nd Grade	10

Provided that no stamp fee shall be required for a certificate granted to persons qualified under Clause (*a*) of Rule I.

7 63

1

No 9698 of 31-12-92
" 87349-92 3-1-93

Gone

To

The Registrar of the Chief Court of Mysore.

Dy. December 1892.
L.G.-89-6

Sir

I am directed to forward the accompanying Rules relating to Pleaders, which have generally received the approval of the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja, and to state that they have to be published in due course by Chief Court, with the approval of Govt. hereby accorded thereto.

2. It has occurred to Govt. whether No. IV of these Rules, as now passed, may not be omitted without inconvenience; but Government ~~have disposed it~~ leave the point for disposal by the Chief Court, in the manner they may consider best.

I have &c.

31/12
Chief Secy

MK
31/12

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Rules relating to Advocates and Pleaaers.

The following Rules, in supersession of all previous Rules on the subject, framed under Section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, are published for general information :—

Clause (*c*) of Rules II and III shall not come into operation before 1st August 1893.

I. The following persons are qualified for admission as Advocates of the Chief Court of Mysore :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled as an Advocate under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any Barrister of any of the Inns of Courts in England or Ireland ; or a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

(*c*) An Advocate, Vakil or Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India. Any person who has obtained the degree of M. L. or B. L. in any British Indian University, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral conduct.

(*d*) *Any 1st Grade Pleader, who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised for not less than 5 years, provided he has passed the B. A. Examination in any of the Indian Universities.*

(*e*) *Any retired officer of the Mysore Government who has held, with good reputation, the office of Munsiff, Sub-Judge or District Judge, or who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class, for a period of not less than 5 years.*

II. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 1st Grade :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled or promoted as a Pleader, 1st Grade, under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for the Pleaders of the 1st Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 1st Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations under Rules published in Government Notification No. 9699—G. F. 349-92 of 11th December 1892, who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts or other Higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

(*d*) *Any person who has passed the Tests prescribed for Pleaders of the 1st Grade by any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India.*

(*e*) *Any 2nd Grade Pleader who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised in any of the Courts in Mysore for not less than 5 years, provided he has also passed the First Examination in Arts in any of the Indian Universities.*

III. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade :—

(*a*) All persons enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884, as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for Pleaders of the 2nd Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 2nd Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations, under Rules published in Government Notification No. 9699—G. F. 349-92 of 11th December 1892, and who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the Matriculation or other higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

The provisions of Clause (*d*) of Rule II and of Clause (*a*) of Rule III do not apply to any person who has been enrolled conditionally on passing any examination.

IV. Application for admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade shall be accompanied by certificates of qualifications prescribed by Rule II or III.

V. All certificates granted under Sections 11 or 12 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, shall be engrossed on Mysore Court Fee Stamp papers of the values hereunder mentioned, *viz* :—

	Rs.
(1) For an Advocate	300
(2) For a Pleader of the 1st Grade	15
(3) For a Pleader of the 2nd Grade	10

Provided that no stamp fee shall be required for a certificate granted to persons qualified under Clause (*a*) of Rule I.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Chief Judge.

A. RAMACHANDRA IYER,
P. N. KRISHNAMURTI,
Judges.

Finally approved by Dewan
11/12/92

Draft Rules relating to Pleaders.

The following Rules, in supersession of all previous Rules on the subject, framed under Section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, are published for general information :—

Clause (*c*) of Rules II and III and Rules IV and VI shall not come into operation before 1st ~~June 1892~~.

I. The following persons are qualified for admission as Advocates of the Chief Court of Mysore :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled as an Advocate under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any Barrister of any of the Inns of Courts in England or Ireland; or a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

(*c*) An Advocate, Vakil or Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India. Any person who has obtained the degree of M. L. or B. L. in any British Indian University, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral conduct.

(*d*) *Any 1st Grade Pleader, who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised for not less than 5 years, provided he has passed the B. A. Examination in any of the Indian Universities.*

(*e*) *Any retired officer of the Mysore Government who has held, with good reputation, the office of Munsiff, Sub-Judge or District Judge, or who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class, for a period of not less than 5 years.*

II. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 1st Grade :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled or promoted as a Pleader, 1st Grade, under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for the Pleaders of the 1st Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 1st Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts or other Higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

(*d*) *Any person who has passed the Tests prescribed for Pleaders of the* 1*st Grade by any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India.*

(*e*) *Any* 2*nd Grade Pleader who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised in any of the Courts in Mysore for not less than* 5 *years, provided he has also passed the First Examination in Arts in any of the Indian Universities.*

III. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade :—

(*a*) All persons enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884 as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for Pleaders of the 2nd Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 2nd Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations, under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the Matriculation or other higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

The provisions of Clause (*a*) of Rule II and of Clause (*a*) of Rule III do not apply to any person who has been enrolled conditionally on passing any examination.

IV. Before the enrolment, as 1st or 2nd Grade Pleader, of a Candidate qualified under Clause (*c*) of Rule II and Clause (*c*) of Rule III, a paper will be set, on a day to be named by the Chief Court, to test his ability to plead, draft plaints and decrees, to

frame issues, &c., in Canarese. No Candidate who may fail to obtain $\frac{1}{3}$ of the maximum number of marks in this paper shall be entitled to admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade.

V. Application for admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade shall be accompanied by certificates of qualifications prescribed by Rule II or III.

VI. Applications of persons qualified under Clauses (*c*) of Rules II and III should also be accompanied by Treasury Officer's receipt of a fee of Rs. 5 for the Pleadings Test prescribed by Rule IV, this fee being paid into any District or Taluk Treasury in Mysore.

VII. All certificates granted under Sections 11 or 12 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, shall be engrossed on Mysore Court Fee Stamp papers of the values hereunder mentioned, *viz* :—

		Rs.
(1)	For an Advocate ...	300
(2)	For a Pleader of the 1st Grade	15
(3)	For a Pleader of the 2nd Grade	10

Provided that no stamp fee shall be required for a certificate granted to persons qualified under Clause (*a*) of Rule I.

Draft Rules relating to Pleaders.

The following Rules, in supersession of all previous Rules on the subject, framed under Section 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, are published for general information :—

Clause (*c*) of Rules II and III and Rules IV and VI shall not come into operation before 1st June 1892.

I. The following persons are qualified for admission as Advocates of the Chief Court of Mysore :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled as an Advocate under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any Barrister of any of the Inns of Courts in England or Ireland ; or a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

(*c*) An Advocate, Vakil or Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India. Any person who has obtained the degree of M. L. or B. L. in any British Indian University, and who produces a certificate of respectability and of good moral conduct.

(*d*) *Any* 1*st Grade Pleader, who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised for not less than* 5 *years, provided he has passed the B. A. Examination in any of the Indian Universities.*

(*e*) *Any retired officer of the Mysore Government who has held, with good reputation, the office of (Munsiff,) Sub-Judge or District Judge, (or who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the* 1*st Class,) for a period of not less than* 5 *years.*

II. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 1st Grade :—

(*a*) Any person who has been enrolled or promoted as a Pleader, 1st Grade, under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for the Pleaders of the 1st Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 1st Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts or other Higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

(*d*) *Any person who has passed the Tests prescribed for Pleaders of the 1st Grade by any of the High Courts of Judicature in British India.*

(*e*) *Any 2nd Grade Pleader who has satisfactorily and intelligently practised in any of the Courts in Mysore for not less than 5 years, provided he has also passed the First Examination in Arts in any of the Indian Universities.*

III. The following persons are qualified for admission as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade :—

(*a*) All persons enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules, dated 18th February 1879 and 12th December 1884 as Pleaders of the 2nd Grade.

(*b*) Any person who has passed the examination prescribed by the Chief Court for Pleaders of the 2nd Grade, under the Rules published in Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884.

(*c*) Any person who may pass in the 2nd Class, the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations, under Rules published in Government Notification No. of this date, and who produces—

(1) a certificate of having passed the Matriculation or other higher Examination in Arts in any Indian University and

(2) a certificate of respectability of character and good moral conduct.

The provisions of Clause (*a*) of Rule II and of Clause (*a*) of Rule III do not apply to any person who has been enrolled conditionally on passing any examination.

IV. Before the enrolment, as 1st or 2nd Grade Pleader, of a Candidate qualified under Clause (*c*) of Rule II and Clause (*c*) of Rule III, a paper will be set, on a day to be named by the Chief Court, to test his ability to plead, draft plaints and decrees, to

frame issues, &c., in Canarese. No Candidate who may fail to obtain $\frac{1}{3}$ of the maximum number of marks in this paper shall be entitled to admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade.

V. Application for admission as a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd Grade shall be accompanied by certificates of qualifications prescribed by Rule II or III.

VI. Applications of persons qualified under Clauses (*c*) of Rules II and III should also be accompanied by Treasury Officer's receipt of a fee of Rs. 5 for the Pleadings Test prescribed by Rule IV, this fee being paid into any District or Taluk Treasury in Mysore.

VII. All certificates granted under Sections 11 or 12 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884, shall be engrossed on Mysore Court Fee Stamp papers of the values hereunder mentioned, *viz* :—

		Rs.
(1)	For an Advocate ...	300
(2)	For a Pleader of the 1st Grade	15
(3)	For a Pleader of the 2nd Grade	10

Provided that no stamp fee shall be required for a certificate granted to persons qualified under Clause (*a*) of Rule I.

No 17
E

1957 of 25-1-93
1885-88

Bangalore 23rd January 1893

68

From
The Registrar of the
Chief Court of Mysore

To
The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore

G.F. 132 60
" 349-92
" 127-1-93

G.F. 2-2-89-7

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of letter No. 9698 dated 31st December 1892, conveying sanction to the Rules relating to Pleaders. These Rules I am to say refer to other Rules made by Government in regard to the Civil, Criminal and Revenue examinations and I am to request that a copy of those Rules may be kindly sent as they form part of the Rules relating to pleaders.

I have the honour to be
Sir
Your most Obedt. Servt

Registrar

Acting Registrar

No 13260 27-1-93
G.F. 349-92 1-2
L 16

To,

(9) 69

The Registrar
Chief Court.

Sir, L. 27-89-8

In reply to your letter No. 17/E of the 23rd Instt., I am directed to forward, herewith, a copy of the Rules framed by Government in regard to the Civil, Criminal and Revenue Examinations, and published under Notfn No. 9699 G.F. 349-92 of the 11th December 1892.

I have &c.

Chief Secy

Asstt.
26/1

(General Serial No. 30.)

189

From

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No.

No.

70

(General Serial No. 30.)

4249

25 SEP. 4

189 . G 1589

From The Officiating Chief Judge of Mysore.

To

10

L.S. - 7 - 89 - 9

Dated 25th September 1893.

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 719

No. E.

Stating that several Complaints have been made to the Court that persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination and the Middle School Examination have been without adequate previous notice debarred from appearing for the 1st & 2nd Grade Pleaders' Tests, respectively, from August 1894, and soliciting Sanction for permitting students who would be qualified under the old Rules to appear for Pleaders' Tests, to appear for the Examinations which are to be held in August 1894.

G. Papers. M. 25/9

Medras order
Devans & redart
Pleaders Examn

3/2

No 719
E

Bangalore 71
25th September 1893.

From,

A. Ramachandra Iyer, Esquire,
Offg: Chief Judge of Mysore.

To,

T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty Esquire
Offg. Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that several complaints have been made to the Court that persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination and the Middle School Examination have been without adequate previous notice, debarred from appearing for the first and Second Grade Readers' tests, respectively, from August 1894, and that, in the opinion of the Judges, the complaints seem reasonable.

2. The Judges are inclined to believe that the Government was aware of the Justice of the complaints, and that, with a view to give redress, they sanctioned the postponement of the new rules till 1st August 189.

Rule

3. Rule III directs that the Examinations shall be held "in the month of August of each year"; so that if a Student did not appear in August 1893, he is precluded from appearing for the Examination to be held in August 1894, inasmuch as it has been declared that the new Rules shall not come into operation "before 1st August 1894". That being so, the concession which was intended to be made has not been made.

Vide Govt. Order
G.O. No. 5
2-3-93 &
4-5-98
dt. at the end.

4. For these reasons, I have the honor to solicit Sanction for permitting Students who would be qualified under the old rules to appear for Pleaders' Tests, to appear for the Examinations which are to be held in August 1894. If early orders are passed, candidates will have ample time to qualify themselves for the ensuing Examinations: and there may be no more necessity for making further concessions.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obedient Servant.
A. Ramachandra Iyer
Offg. Police Judge

4/6

17 (10)73

Read -

Letter No. 719 dated 25th September 1893 from the Offg. Chief Judge of Mysore, representing that complaints have been made to the Chief Court that persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination and the Middle School Examination have been without adequate previous notice, debarred from appearing for the 1st & 2nd Grade Pleaders' Tests respectively from August 1894, and soliciting therefore, sanction for permitting students who would be qualified under the old rules, to appear for Pleaders' Tests, to appear for the Examinations which are

to

14-7-89-10

to be held in August 1894.

Order No 12,584/2767 of 3-2-94

The recommendation made in the foregoing letter is approved and the necessary Notification may at once be issued by the Chief Court.

2. If the Chief Court thinks it necessary, it may prescribe a time within which it would enrol as 1st or 2nd Grade Pleaders persons who have not passed either the Matriculation or Middle School, but are in the Public Service and have passed all other prescribed tests. The time fixed for such a purpose

should be conterminous
with the coming into force
of the Rule that Matricu-
-lation or F. A. is necessary
for admission to 2nd or 1st
Grade Pleaders.

Chief Secretary

Mkr.

To.

The Chief Justice of Mysore

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3701—2577. *The* 12*th February* 1894.

Adverting to the Rules relating to Advocates and Pleaders published in the Mysore Gazette, dated 2nd March 1893, and in continuation of Notification, dated 22nd April 1893, it is hereby notified for general information that, with the approval of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, Rules (1) c II and (1) c III prescribing the qualifications for admission to the Pleaders' Examination will be held in abeyance for the year 1894 and that persons possessed of the qualifications prescribed by paras VI and VII of the Rules framed by the Chief Court under 10 of the Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation 1884 and published with Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884, will be admitted for the Pleaders' Examination to be held in August 1894.

2. Candidates admitted to the Pleaders' Examination may appear during August 1894 for one or more of the Examinations constitutnig the Pleaders' Examination, which may yet remain to be passed by them, but they must complete all the Examinations necessary to qualify them under the Rules of 1893 for enrolment as a Pleader of the 1st or the 2nd Grade, before the period of grace allowed herein, after which, none not qualified under the Rules of 1893 will be admitted to the Pleaders' Examination

By Order,
S. R. SUBBARAYA IYER,
Registrar.

No 19354 of 12-5-94
4315

(13) (14)

To

The Registrar of the
Chief Court of Mysore

L.92-89-12

Sir

With reference to
the Chief Court Notifn
No 4286-2941 of 13th March
1894 published in the
Mysore Gazette of 22nd
idem modifying the
rules relating to Advs
and Pleaders which
were published in
Notifn dated 22nd
April 1893, I am
directed to state
for the information
of the Chief Judge
of the Chief Court
that petitions have

been so received from a number of Govt Officials complaining that the Concession granted therein, by extending the time for enrolment to 1st August 1895, was published in March 1894, i.e. only about four months before the Examination, & that as these months are the closing months of the Official Year the Officials will be engaged in preparing the annual accounts & Reports. ~~The Dewan~~ ~~therefore desires that~~

+ thus allowing the rules of 1894 as the only opportunity to enable them to qualify themselves

and the first months of the new official year,

Honorable Board themselves of the Concession. The Dewan

I am therefore to request that

for the date Viz 1st August
1895 in the Notification
under reference the
following may be substituted

"A month after the
publication of the results
of the Examination
of 1895."
and a revised Notification will
accordingly have to be

a new
Candidate

Attd 12 May
Chief Secy

A.G. 12/5

Sd Thurn
Re practically

80

(General Serial No. 30.)

17094
19 MAY 94
G 5984

1893/94

From The Secretary.
Board of Examiners

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

(14)

Dated 19th May 94.

Despatched

Received L.R. 89-13

Enclosures No.

General No. 1098

No. E

Enquiring whether it is also the intention of Govt to extend the time for work as pleasure-ment in the case of non-public servants as is done in the case of public servants.

References were taken Board's Circ
Sr 3 on 17-5-94. Subd in continuation
19/5/94
19/5/94

References to be marked.

M. G. C. Press, Bangalore.—3-2-94—3000

No. 1098 / 5

From,

Bangalore 81
19th May 1894

The Registrar
of the Chief Court
in Mysore

14

L.R.-2-89-13

To.

The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore

Sir,

In reply to your letter No. 19354 / G.-4315 dated 12th May 1894 suggesting certain alterations in the Chief Court Notification No: 4286-2941 dated 13th March 1894 regarding the rules relating to Advocates and Pleaders, I am directed to state that the said Notification was issued in pursuance of the instructions contained in Government Proceedings No: 12758 / G.-2767 dated 3d February 1894.

Para 2 of the Government Proceedings quoted above authorized the Chief Court to prescribe the same period for the enrolment of such Government Servants, as have not passed the matriculation or Middle School Examination but who are otherwise qualified to be admitted as 1st or 2d Grade Pleaders, as it did

did for the admission of Matriculates and Middle School candidates for the 1st and 2d Grade Readers' Tests respectively. It is as accordingly notified that persons who have passed the Matriculation and the Middle School Examination, as well as public Servants who have not passed the said educational tests may appear for the 1st and 2d Grade Readers' Tests respectively in the year 1894, thereby modifying the rules which had been previously issued prescribing 1893 as the last year for their admis-sion to the said Examinations. But if, for the reasons stated in your letter under reply, the time for enrolment in the case of public servants is to be extended "a month after the publication of the results of the Examina-tion of 1895", I am to enquire whether it is also the intention of Government, that the same concession should be shown to non-public servants, so as to allow Matriculates and Middle School candidates to appear for the 1st and 2d Grade Readers'

Readers' Tests to be held in 1895.

I am to request the favour of an early reply to this reference.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your Most Obedient Servant,

Registrar

9 84

20? 6.

No 1? 80

R 25-5-

15

To

The Secretary to the

Board of Examiners

Sir,

In reply to your letter

No. 1098/E dated 19th instant,

I am directed to state that

it is the intention of Govt

that public servants and

non-public servants should

be treated alike in the

matter of the concession

allowing persons who have

passed the Matriculation

and Middle School Exams.

to appear for the Local

Service Examinations to be

held in 1895 for qualifying

themselves for enrolment
as Pleaders of the 1st and
2nd Grade respectively.
I am therefore to request
that the requisite Notifi-
-cations may be issued
by the Government on the
subject.

2. I am at the same
time to suggest for the
consideration of the Judges
the desirability of fixing
a time within which
non-public servants
qualifying themselves in the
manner above described
should present their applications
for enrolment as Pleaders
as has been done in ~~the~~
~~case~~ regard to public servants

by the Chief Courts Notification
No. 4286/2941 dated 13th March 1894,
so that the cases of public
servants and those not in
the service may stand on
the same footing.

I have &c

Chief Secty

25/5/94

(16)87

22 August/84

My dear [redacted]

The enclosed Notice (No. 3701-25-77) applies to other than Public Servants in this case, as you will see from it, the Concession has been extended to this year alone. In the case of public servants [redacted], at

to suggestion of your letter
No 4286—2941 was
issued extending to Can
ceasing & thereafter also for
this year. Since writing you
learn that an additional
sum shall be granted to
public servants, engineers
& hands on other instructions

I beg leave to submit
whether a similar indulgence
may not be granted to
such public servants who,
in the performance of their
duty may be treated alike
& placed on par — Mr Gordon
has informed me that the Statute is explicit.

I have
the honor
to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servt

No 696/E

(6)

Bangalore
11th August 1892

From

P. R. A. Thumboo Chetty Esq.
President, Board of Examiners.

To

R. Seshadri Iyer Esq, B. S. I.
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honour to request the favour of early orders being passed on letter No 500/E dated 29th July 1891, submitting Copies of Draft Rules for the Mysore Legal Service and Pleaders Examinations

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
your most obedient Servant,

(Signed) P. R. A. Thumboo Chetty
President, Board of Examiners

This file is not with me. It is probably with the 1st Counsellor.

HCh
12/5/96

88 J 1505

OFFICE OF THE
1896 68901
2 - MAY 1896
DEWAN OF MYSORE

From The Inspector General of Forests
Shemoga

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Agl & Rev Dept.

Dated 2-2-1896 15

Despatched

Received 28-5-96

General No.
No.

Enclosure No.

Praying for further concession to appear for the First Grade Pleader Test Examination in Mysore for some time more by the second grade pleaders & matriculated candidates —

References to be marked.

Refers have been put up with No 6142 and given to the Jnr Branch J 935 who have marked the file to the Genl Secy. The papers are now said to be with Mr H.V. Nanjundiah M. Sec 5/5 S

R. 2519

L.R. 2-89-15-89

To

THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS

THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

The humble Memorial of the undersigned Candidates and Inhabitants of the Shimoga District,

MOST HUMBLY AND RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH:—

1. That adverting to the Rules relating to Advocates and Pleaders published at page 196, dated 2nd March 1893 of the *Mysore Gazette*, and the subsequent Notifications thereon, the humble Memorialists respectfully beg to submit the following points for the benign and generous consideration of the Government and early favourable orders.

2. That the concessions kindly granted to candidates who may have passed the University Entrance Examination and to officials in actual service to qualify themselves for the First Grade Pleadership ceased in December last as notified in No. 442 E., dated 19th July 1894, (*vide*) *Mysore Gazette*, Pages 849 and 850 of the 19th July 1894.

3. Your humble Memorialists are constrained to submit with regret that the period of concession allowed was too short and could not practically and freely be taken advantage of as the extension of the time of concession was not definitely intimated at the outset but used to be notified from time to time in the official *Gazette* only a few months before the date of the examinations.

4. Your humble Memorialists, being confident that their prayers will be heard and considered, respectfully beg to lay them before the Government for early orders.

5. Under the Rules framed by the High Courts of Judicature of Allahabad and Bombay, Matriculates of the said respective Universities are permitted, provided they be the subjects of Her Imperial Majesty, to qualify themselves for the First Grade Pleadership and as well for High Court Vakeelship by undergoing the Tests prescribed therefor.

6. Clause C. of Rule 2 framed by the most Honorable Chief Court of Mysore makes such candidates eligible to be enrolled as Pleaders and Advocates within this Province.

7. Clause C. of Rule 1 confers upon certain graded officers of Mysore the peculiar privilege of enrolling themselves as Advocates without any University educational qualifications.

8. Your humble Memorialists therefore beg to bring to notice that the Pleaders practising in this Province under the Rules now in force are not even recognized as such either in Bombay, Madras or Allahabad ; while those from the said Presidencies are freely admitted and enrolled as Advocates and Pleaders in this Province, though they have passed only the Local Tests prescribed by the said several High Courts, and though they are utterly ignorant of the Vernacular of the country and the Revenue Laws in force here ; while the examination in the Revenue Branch is made a compulsory subject for the Mysore Pleaders Examination.

9. Your humble Memorialists beg to add that it may not be out of place here to state that even the Madras Government, before introducing the present modified Rules relating to Pleaders and Advocates, allowed a full scope for candidates by once for all notifying at the very outset the actual period within which a candidate should qualify himself for the First and 2nd Grade Pleadership under the old Rules. The Government then at the expiration of the period so prescribed and after the introduction of the modified Rules responded to the prayers of the candidates by granting them another fresh indulgence of enrolling the Second Grade Pleaders to the First Grade Pleadership after a practice with good reputation for a period of five years, without passing the examination prescribed for that Grade. And then the new Rules were brought into full operation. But the procedure here followed was far different as indicated above.

10. Being fully alive and deeply grateful to the warm interest which the benign Government have been evincing towards the rapid advancement and progress of education of its loyal subjects, and its main highest ambition to heighten the prosperity of the people by securing efficiency in all branches and departments of service, your humble Memorialists fervently and res-

pectfully pray that the following concessions, calculated as they are, in their humble opinion, to enhance the efficiency of the legal profession, may be kindly extended to them.

(*a*) That all candidates who may have, "*prior to the introduction of Rules of* 1893 *relating to Pleaders and Advocates*," passed the Matriculation Examination may be permitted to qualify themselves without any further educational qualifications to the First Grade Pleadership "*within a given time.*"

(*b*) That a Second Grade Pleader who has passed the University Entrance Examination, and who has been practising as such for several years prior to the introduction of the Rules of 1893, may be exempted from passing the First Grade Pleader's Test to enable him to be enrolled as First Grade Pleader, or be admitted as a First Grade Pleader "*on passing the prescribed Tests without further University educational qualifications.*"

(*c*) That candidates who have qualified themselves and who may hereafter qualify themselves to be enrolled as Pleaders of either Grade, under Rules of other High Courts, may be subjected to undergo the Revenue Test of this Province before enrollment if it cannot be deemed expedient to throw open the "*Mysore Pleadership Examinations*" exclusively to the "*subjects of the Mysore State.*"

(*d*) That the practising Second Grade Pleaders, who have been practising with good reputation for upwards of 10 years, "*prior to the introduction of the Rules of* 1893," may be enrolled as First Grade Pleaders, inasmuch as the efficiency, experience, and the valuable practical knowledge which they have acquired in the course of their long and uninterrupted practice will be rendered useless to the public, a fact within the knowledge and unmatched experience of His Honour the late eminent Chief Judge now the First Counsellor to the Government of Mysore.

(*e*) That a further concession at least for three years may be kindly granted to all official and non-official candidates who have partially succeeded in passing the Tests in one or more branches under the old Rules in order to complete the Test and qualify themselves for the First Grade.

(*f*) That persons who may qualify themselves for the Second Grade Pleadership under the present Rules may be given the indulgence of passing the First Grade Pleader's Tests without further educational qualification after an approved practice for a certain number of years.

(*g*) That persons who have already qualified themselves, and may hereafter qualify themselves for the First Grade Pleadership, may be allowed to be enrolled as Advocates after a practice for certain number of years by passing a Test which the Government might be pleased to prescribe.

11. Your humble Memorialists respectfully venture to submit that as efficiency in the legal profession under the present state of things can only be acquired by long experience combined with approved practice and study of the current Laws, they ardently and humbly pray that the above concessions may be kindly granted, and further pray the indulgence of being pardoned for the intrusion.

Your humble Memorialists,
Respectfully beg to remain,
Your most obedient and devoted Loyal Subjects and Servants.

1 M Narasimhasayer Pleader

2 M Ramaraoiengar Pleader Chitaldrug

3 M R C S

4 Jamadachar Treasury Guard

KARNATAKA PRESS, Bangalore.—1896.

93 Ms 2196

189 OFFICE OF THE 96 9546 2/5/04 DEWAN OF MYSORE

From B. Bhimaraya and others Residents & Inhabitants Kadur District

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,

Genl Dept.

Dated 4th May/96 (19)

Despatched

Received 28 — do

General No. L.S.D.-84-96

No.

Enclosure No.

Adverting to the Rules relating to Advocates & Pleaders, pray that certain concessions may be extended to them.

I believe the Rules for admission of Advocates and Pleaders are made by the Ch. Ct with Govt Sanction. If so, the matter has to be dealt with in the judicial department. This & another petn on the same subject will therefore be returned to that department.

HCh
28/5/96

References to be marked.

A similar petition from the inhabitants of Shimoga which was submitted to the under secy is now in the Legis: Br awaiting the return of the file from the 1st Councillor

W 27/5 Send the a...

4 no 1/96

94

To

THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

The humble Memorial of the undersigned Candidates and Inhabitants of the District,

A E-2-89-16

MOST HUMBLY AND RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH :—

1. That adverting to the Rules relating to Advocates and Pleaders published at page 196, dated 2nd March 1893 of the *Mysore Gazette*, and the subsequent Notifications thereon, the humble Memorialists respectfully beg to submit the following points for the benign and generous consideration of the Government and early favourable orders.

2. That the concessions kindly granted to candidates who may have passed the University Entrance Examination and to officials in actual service to qualify themselves for the First Grade Pleadership ceased in December last as notified in No. 442 E., dated 19th July 1894, (*vide*) *Mysore Gazette*, Pages 849 and 850 of the 19th July 1894.

3. Your humble Memorialists are constrained to submit with regret that the period of concession allowed was too short and could not practically and freely be taken advantage of as the extension of the time of concession was not definitely intimated at the outset but used to be notified from time to time in the official *Gazette* only a few months before the date of the examinations.

4. Your humble Memorialists, being confident that their prayers will be heard and considered, respectfully beg to lay them before the Government for early orders.

5. Under the Rules framed by the High Courts of Judicature of Allahabad and Bombay, Matriculates of the said respective Universities are permitted, provided they be the subjects of Her Imperial Majesty, to qualify themselves for the First Grade Pleadership and as well for High Court Vakeelship by undergoing the Tests prescribed therefor.

6. Clause C. of Rule 2 framed by the most Honorable Chief Court of Mysore makes such candidates eligible to be enrolled as Pleaders and Advocates within this Province.

7. Clause C. of Rule 1 confers upon certain graded officers of Mysore the peculiar privilege of enrolling themselves as Advocates without any University educational qualifications.

8. Your humble Memorialists therefore beg to bring to notice that the Pleaders practising in this Province under the Rules now in force are not even recognized as such either in Bombay, Madras or Allahabad ; while those from the said Presidencies are freely admitted and enrolled as Advocates and Pleaders in this Province, though they have passed only the Local Tests prescribed by the said several High Courts, and though they are utterly ignorant of the Vernacular of the country and the Revenue Laws in force here ; while the examination in the Revenue Branch is made a compulsory subject for the Mysore Pleaders Examination.

9. Your humble Memorialists beg to add that it may not be out of place here to state that even the Madras Government, before introducing the present modified Rules relating to Pleaders and Advocates, allowed a full scope for candidates by once for all notifying at the very outset the actual period within which a candidate should qualify himself for the First and 2nd Grade Pleadership under the old Rules. The Government then at the expiration of the period so prescribed and after the introduction of the modified Rules responded to the prayers of the candidates by granting them another fresh indulgence of enrolling the Second Grade Pleaders to the First Grade Pleadership after a practice with good reputation for a period of five years, without passing the examination prescribed for that Grade. And then the new Rules were brought into full operation. But the procedure here followed was far different as indicated above.

10. Being fully alive and deeply grateful to the warm interest which the benign Government have been evincing towards the rapid advancement and progress of education of its loyal subjects, and its main highest ambition to heighten the prosperity of the people by securing efficiency in all branches and departments of service, your humble Memorialists fervently and res-

pectfully pray that the following concessions, calculated as they are, in their humble opinion, to enhance the efficiency of the legal profession, may be kindly extended to them.

(*a*) That all candidates who may have, "*prior to the introduction of Rules of* 1893 *relating to Pleaders and Advocates,*" passed the Matriculation Examination may be permitted to qualify themselves without any further educational qualifications to the First Grade Pleadership "*within a given time.*"

(*b*) That a Second Grade Pleader who has passed the University Entrance Examination, and who has been practising as such for several years prior to the introduction of the Rules of 1893, may be exempted from passing the First Grade Pleader's Test to enable him to be enrolled as First Grade Pleader, or be admitted as a First Grade Pleader "*on passing the prescribed Tests without further University educational qualifications.*"

(*c*) That candidates who have qualified themselves and who may hereafter qualify themselves to be enrolled as Pleaders of either Grade, under Rules of other High Courts, may be subjected to undergo the Revenue Test of this Province before enrollment if it cannot be deemed expedient to throw open the "*Mysore Pleadership Examinations*" exclusively to the "*subjects of the Mysore State.*"

(*d*) That the practising Second Grade Pleaders, who have been practising with good reputation for upwards of 10 years, "*prior to the introduction of the Rules of* 1893," may be enrolled as First Grade Pleaders, inasmuch as the efficiency, experience, and the valuable practical knowledge which they have acquired in the course of their long and uninterrupted practice will be rendered useless to the public, a fact within the knowledge and unmatched experience of His Honour the late eminent Chief Judge now the First Counsellor to the Government of Mysore.

(*e*) That a further concession at least for three years may be kindly granted to all official and non-official candidates who have partially succeeded in passing the Tests in one or more branches under the old Rules in order to complete the Test and qualify themselves for the First Grade.

(*f*) That persons who may qualify themselves for the Second Grade Pleadership under the present Rules may be given the indulgence of passing the First Grade Pleader's Tests without further educational qualification after an approved practice for a certain number of years.

(*g*) That persons who have already qualified themselves, and may hereafter qualify themselves for the First Grade Pleadership, may be allowed to be enrolled as Advocates after a practice for certain number of years by passing a Test which the Government might be pleased to prescribe.

11. Your humble Memorialists respectfully venture to submit that as efficiency in the legal profession under the present state of things can only be acquired by long experience combined with approved practice and study of the current Laws, they ardently and humbly pray that the above concessions may be kindly granted, and further pray the indulgence of being pardoned for the intrusion.

Your humble Memorialists,
Respectfully beg to remain,
Your most obedient and devoted Loyal Subjects and Servants.

Chikmogalur
4th May 1896.

Karanataka Press, Bangalore.—1896.

M. Krishnaiyer

N. A. Narasimhachar

Mudliyar Rao

V. Ramakrishnadas Pow

B. Aswatha Row

C. Krishna Rau

A. Kesavaiengar

N. Venkata Dasappah

V. Mallayyah

For 2nd Comm. Secy. orders approved here in paper will then be subd. to the Hon. Dewan. KR 30/10

30/10/00
499

Subd. & Hon. Dewan. KR 8/11.

1525 Returned to the Madras H.C. has forgot a similar Rule. Mem. sent to the Pro. of the H.C. has prd. the Rule

Sec. 9/11

Hon. Dewan KR 10/11.

Copy of Fort St. George Gazette containing the Rule published

RB. 14/11/00

Central Jail Press, Bangalore.—14-8-91.—3,705.

Govt. Dis 1340 to 1400 of 11 1900-1.
D. 18 to 4272
(General Serial No. 30). 1810-00

J 486.
97

~~189~~ 1900-901

Form

To The Registrar of the Chief Court of Mysore
The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore

Dated 15 Oct 1900
Despatched 17 - -
Received 22-10-17

Enclosures No. two

General No. 2636
No. 71

Submits for the approval of Govt. the enclosed draft addenda to the Rules relating to Advocates and Pleaders Rules as also to the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examination Rules.

Govt
Hon. Dewan
Govt Records.
Please put up a copy of Regulations I of 1897.
Vol. :--1

Copy of the above regulations put up. RB.

KSJ 25/10/00

Returned. RB. 25/10
C.S.R.

Submitted

N 2686/71 Sec. 2

98

Bangalore 15th October 1900.

From

The Registrar of the

Chief Court of Mysore,

L-2-89-17

To

The Secretary to the

Government of Mysore,

General & Revenue Departments.

Sir

I am directed to submit, for the approval of Government, the enclosed draft addenda to the Rules relating to Advocates and Pleaders Rules as also to the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations Rules. The University of Madras having recently removed the law of Procedure from the carricula for the F. L. and B. L. Examinations, the Judges consider it necessary to make such Applicants for admission as Advocates as are B. Ls or M. Ls of that University to undergo an Examination in practice and procedure. It will be sufficient if they answer the two papers in Civil and Criminal Procedure set respectively for Candidates for the Civil Part II and Criminal Tests of the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations. As the number of Candidates is not likely to exceed 5 or 6 in the Year, it is not deemed necessary to have a separate Examination for them.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your Most Obedient Servant;

Registrar.

99

21

The following Regulation received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the 21st July 1884 and is hereby promulgated for general information.

REGULATION III OF 1884.

A Regulation to amend the Law relating to Legal Practitioners practising in the Courts of Mysore.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Legal Practitioners in Mysore, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Regulation may be cited "The Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884," and it shall come into force on the 1st day of September 1884.

Short title.

Commencement.

It shall extend to the whole of the Territories of Mysore.

Local extent.

2. On and from the 1st day of September 1884, the Rules published in Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 273, dated 18th February 1879, (relating to Advocates and Pleaders) and the Rules published in Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 306, dated 12th March 1880, (relating to the agreements of Legal Practitioners with clients, &c.,) shall be repealed.

Repeal of Rules.

Notwithstanding anything herein contained, the Advocates and Pleaders of the 1st and 2nd grade, already enrolled under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules of the 18th February 1879, shall continue to practise under the provisions of the aforementioned Rules up to the 31st December 1884.

3. In this Regulation, unless there be something repugnant to the subject or context—

Definitions.

"Legal Practitioner" means an Advocate or Pleader enrolled under this Regulation.

"Judge" means the presiding Judicial Officer of every Civil and Criminal Court by whatever name he is designated.

"Government" means the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

CHAPTER II.

ADVOCATES AND PLEADERS.

4. Except as provided in the Codes of Civil and Criminal Procedure, or in any other law for the time being in force, no person shall appear, plead or act for another in any Court in Mysore unless he has been enrolled as an Advocate or Pleader under this Regulation:

Who may practise before Courts.

Provided that every person accused before any Criminal Court with an offence may, with the permission of the Court, but not otherwise, employ any person to assist him in his defence:

Provided further that any person *ex-officio*, or otherwise, authorized to act for Government in respect of any judicial proceeding, may make and do appearances, acts and applications, within the scope of his authority on behalf of Government.

5. Advocates duly enrolled under the provisions of this Regulation shall be entitled to appear, plead and act in the Chief Court of Mysore and in all Courts subordinate thereto, civil or criminal.

Courts in which Advocates may practise.

6. There shall be two grades of Pleaders, namely, Pleaders of the 1st grade and Pleaders of the 2nd grade.

Pleaders.

7. A Pleader of the 1st grade shall be entitled to appear, plead and act in any Civil Court situate within the District, as defined in the Code of Civil Procedure, for which he may be enrolled, and in all Criminal Courts, provided that he shall not be entitled to practise in the Chief Court.

Courts in which 1st Grade Pleaders may practise.

8. A Pleader of the 2nd grade shall be entitled to appear, plead and act in any Munsiff's Court for which he may be enrolled, and in the Courts of all Magistrates.

Courts in which 2nd Grade Pleaders may practise.

9. If, in any place where a Subordinate Judge's Court is established, there be not resident three practising Advocates or Pleaders of the 1st grade, the Chief Court may, after six months' notice of its intention so to do published in the official Gazette, authorize by name a sufficient number of Pleaders of the 2nd grade to practise in the Court of such Subordinate Judge.

2nd Grade Pleaders authorized to practise in Subordinate Judge's Court.

10. The Chief Court may, from time to time, make rules consistent with this Regulation as to the following matters, namely:—

(1) the qualifications for admission as Advocates or as Pleaders of the 1st or 2nd grade under this Regulation. ;

Chief Court to make Rules in regard to qualifications and for enrolment.

(2) the certificates which should accompany applications for such admission ; and

(3) the stamp fee payable for certificates of admission to be granted by the Chief Court under Section 11, or for the grant of renewed certificates under Section 12 of this Regulation.

Rules made under this Section, when approved by the Government and published in the official Gazette, shall have the force of law.

11. Every person duly qualified in accordance with the Rules framed under Section 10, may apply to the Chief Court of Mysore to be enrolled as an Advocate or Pleader under this Regulation. The application shall be accompanied by the certificates and the stamp fee, if any, required by the said Rules.

Application for enrolment.

The Chief Court may, if it thinks fit, grant the application, and, on the application being granted, shall issue a certificate upon a stamp paper of the proper value, if any, prescribed by the Rules framed under Section 10.

The certificate granted under this Section to a Pleader of the 1st or 2nd grade shall specify the Courts for which the applicant has been enrolled under Section 7 or 8 as the case may be.

12, Every certificate issued to a Pleader under this Regulation shall authorize him to practise up to the end of the calendar year for which it is issued.

Certificate.

At or before the expiration of that period the holder of such certificate, if he desires to continue to practise, shall apply for the renewal of the certificate to the Chief Court through the District Judge within whose local jurisdiction he ordinarily practises. The Chief Court shall thereupon renew the certificate for the current or next calendar year as the case may be : Provided that the Chief Court may

decline to grant such application for proved bad character or other reason which, in the opinion of the Chief Court, unfits the applicant to continue as a Legal Practitioner.

A renewed certificate shall be issued upon a stamp paper of the proper value prescribed by Rules under Section 10.

On every such renewal, the certificate then in possession of the Pleader shall be given up to, and cancelled and retained by, the Chief Court.

Suspension and dismissal of Legal Practitioners.

13. The Chief Court may suspend or dismiss any Legal Practitioner, enrolled under the foregoing provisions, who shall be convicted of any criminal offence implying a defect of character which unfits him to be a Legal Practitioner, or who is guilty of fraudulent or grossly improper conduct in the discharge of his professional duty.

Inquiry into the improper conduct of Legal Practitioners.

14. If any Legal Practitioner practising in the Chief Court or in any Court subordinate thereto shall be charged with or shall appear guilty of fraudulent or grossly improper conduct in the discharge of his professional duty, any Judge of such Court shall cause a formal charge to be drawn up setting forth concisely and exactly the alleged misconduct and shall send a copy of the said charge to the said Legal Practitioner and also a notice that on a day to be therein appointed such charge will be taken into consideration. Such copy and notice shall be served upon the Legal Practitioner at least ten days before the day so appointed. On such day or on any subsequent day to which the enquiry may be adjourned, the Court shall receive and record all evidence properly adduced in support of the charge or by the Legal Practitioner, and shall proceed to adjudicate upon the charge.

Report to Chief Court.

15. If the Judge of any Court subordinate to the Chief Court shall find the charge established and consider that the Legal Practitioner should be suspended, or dismissed in consequence, he shall record his finding and the grounds thereof and shall report the same together with the proceedings to the Chief Court, and the Chief Court shall proceed to acquit, suspend or dismiss the Legal Practitioner.

Reports of subordinate Courts to be submitted through District Court and District Magistrate.

16. Such report, when made by the Judge of any Court subordinate to the District Court, or by any Magistrate subordinate to the Magistrate of the District, shall be submitted to the Judge of the District Court or to the Magistrate of the District who shall append to the report any remarks that he may think necessary and an expression of his own opinion of the case, and shall forward the record for the orders of the Chief Court.

Immediate suspension.

17. The Judge or Magistrate may, pending the investigation and orders of the Chief Court, suspend any Pleader in his own Court and in Courts subordinate thereto.

Power of Chief Court to call for records.

18. The Chief Court, in any case in which an Advocate or Pleader shall have been acquitted otherwise than by an order of the Chief Court, may call for the record and pass such order thereon as it may deem fit.

Power of Chief Court to transfer charge.

19. The Chief Court may also direct that any charge preferred against a Legal Practitioner in any Court subordinate to the Chief Court shall be transferred for adjudication to itself or to any other Court of equal or superior grade to that in which the charge is preferred.

Note of suspension.

20. A note of the suspension of any Legal Practitioner shall be made in the roll of Legal Practitioners to be kept in the Chief Court and notice thereof shall be sent to all Courts subordinate thereto.

21. The name of any Legal Practitioner dismissed under the foregoing provisions shall be struck off the roll of Legal Practitioners in the Chief Court and notice thereof shall be sent to all Courts subordinate thereto.

Removal of name of dismissed Legal Practitioner.

CHAPTER III.

22. The Chief Court shall, from time to time, and with the sanction of the Government, make rules fixing and regulating the fees payable by any party in respect of his adversary's Legal Practitioner upon all proceedings in the Chief Court and in the Courts subordinate thereto :

Fees.

Provided that the Rules now in force in respect of such fees shall be deemed to have been framed under this Section.

23. Legal Practitioners may make their own arrangements with their clients for their remuneration.

Remuneration to Legal Practitioners.

24. No agreement entered into by any Legal Practitioner with any person retaining or employing him, respecting the amount and manner of payment for the whole or any part of any past or future services, fees, charges or disbursements in respect of business done or to be done by such Legal Practitioner shall be proved in a suit brought to enforce such an agreement, unless the same is made in writing signed by such person, and is, within fifteen days from the day on which it is executed, filed in the District Court or in some Court in which some portion of the business in respect of which it has been executed has been or is to be done.

Agreement for remuneration to be filed in Court.

25. Where a suit is brought to enforce any such agreement, if the agreement is not proved to be fair and reasonable, the Court may reduce the amount payable thereunder, or order it to be cancelled, and the costs, fees, charges and disbursements in respect of the business done to be ascertained in the same manner as if no such agreement has been made.

Unfair agreement.

26. Such an agreement shall exclude any further claim of the Legal Practitioner beyond the terms of the agreement with respect to any services, fees, charges or disbursements in relation to the conduct and completion of the business in respect of which the agreement is made, except such services, fees, charges or disbursements, if any, as are expressly excepted by the agreement.

Agreement to exclude other claim.

27. A provision in any such agreement that the Legal Practitioner shall not be liable for negligence, or that he shall be relieved from any responsibility to which he would otherwise be subject as such Legal Practitioner, shall be wholly void.

Void agreement.

28. Whoever commits any of the following offences :—

Penalty for touting.

(*a*) solicits or receives from any Legal Practitioner any gratification in consideration of procuring or having procured his employment in any legal business;

(*b*) retains any gratification out of remuneration paid or delivered or agreed to be paid or delivered to any Legal Practitioner for such employment;

(*c*) being a Legal Practitioner, tenders, gives or consents to the retention of any gratification for procuring or having procured the employment in any legal business of himself or any other Legal Practitioner;

shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

BANGALORE, 21*st July* 1884.

K. SHESHADRI IYER,
Dewan of Mysore.

L 4-2-89 21/6

REGULATION No. I OF 1897.

(*Passed on the 9th day of February* 1897.)

A Regulation to amend Regulation III of 1884 (*A Regulation to amend the Law relating to Legal Practitioners practising in the Courts of Mysore*).

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Mysore Legal Practitioners' Regulation, 1884"; Her Highness the Maharani-Regent is pleased to enact as follows:—

Preamble.

1. To Section 3 of the said Regulation, the following shall be added, namely:—

Addition to Section 3, Regulation III, 1884.

"'Tout' means a person who procures the employment in any legal business of any legal practitioner in consideration of any remuneration moving from such practitioner, or proposes to a legal practitioner to procure his employment in any legal business in consideration of such remuneration."

Tout.

2. For Section 13 of the said Regulation the following shall be substituted, namely:—

Substitution of new section for Section 13, Regulation III, 1884.

"13 A. The Chief Court may suspend or dismiss any Legal Practitioner enrolled under the foregoing provisions, who shall be convicted of any criminal offence implying a defect of character which unfits him to be a Legal Practitioner.

Suspension and dismissal of Legal Practitioners convicted of criminal offence.

"13 B. The Chief Court may also, after such inquiry as it thinks fit, suspend or dismiss any Legal Practitioner enrolled as aforesaid—

Suspension and dismissal of Legal Practitioners guilty of unprofessional conduct.

(*a*) who takes instructions in any case except from the party on whose behalf he is retained, or some person who is the recognized agent of such party within the meaning of the Code of Civil Procedure, or some servant, relative or friend authorized by the party to give such instructions; or

(*b*) who is guilty of fraudulent or grossly improper conduct in the discharge of his professional duty; or

(*c*) who tenders, gives or consents to the retention, out of any fee paid or payable to him for his services, of any gratification for procuring or having procured the employment in any legal business of himself or any other Legal Practitioner; or

(*d*) who, directly or indirectly, procures or attempts to procure the employment of himself as such Legal Practitioner through, or by the intervention of, any person to whom any remuneration for obtaining such employment has been given by him, or agreed or promised to be so given; or

(*e*) who accepts any employment in any legal business through a person who has been proclaimed as a tout under Section 28; or

(*f*) for any other reasonable cause."

3. For the first sentence in Section 14 of the said Regulation the following shall be substituted, namely :—

Alteration of Section 14, Regulation III, 1884.

" If a Judge of any Court subordinate to the Chief Court is of opinion that there are grounds for proceeding under the provisions of Section 13 B against a Legal Practitioner practising in such Court, such Judge shall cause a formal charge to be drawn up setting forth concisely the said grounds, and shall send a copy of the said charge to him, and also a notice that on a day therein appointed such charge will be taken into consideration."

4. For Section 28 of the said Regulation the following shall be substituted namely :—

Substitution of new section for Section 28, Regulation III, 1884.

" 28. (1) The Chief Court, the District and Sessions Judge, and the District Magistrate may each as regards their or his own Court, and the Courts, if any, subordinate thereto frame and publish lists of persons proved to their or his satisfaction, by evidence of general repute or otherwise, habitually to act as touts, and may, from time to time, alter and amend such lists.

Power to frame and publish lists of touts.

(2) No person's name shall be included in any such list until he shall have had an opportunity of showing cause against such inclusion.

(3) A copy of every such list shall be kept hung up in every Court to which the same relates.

(4) The Court or Judge may, by general or special order, exclude from the precincts of the Court any person whose name is included in any such list.

(5) Every person whose name is included in any such list shall be deemed to be proclaimed as a tout for the purpose of Section 13 B, clause (*e*)."

K. SHESHADRI IYER,
Dewan of Mysore.

103 J 673.

(General Serial No 30)

~~189~~

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE
5823
26 XII 90

From The Registrar of the

To Chief Court, Mysore
The Secretary to the

Dated 23d
Despatched 24
Received
General No. 3512
No. 115 } Govt of Mysore Nov 1890

89-18

Enclosures No.

Requests the favor of early orders of Govt on this Office letter submitting for approval a draft addenda to the Rules relating to the enrolment of Advocates & Pleaders

Read
26.11.90

Please show the Rules to which this addenda is to be made

Subj
The papers on the subject were subt to the offg Dewan on 14/11/90
MM
27/11/90

Submitted.

MA
28/11-

Subd to the offg Dewan

Central Jail Press, Bangalore.—5-7-98.—3,221.

106

No. 3512/115

C.E-2289-18

Bangalore, 23rd November 1900.

From

The Registrar of the
Chief Court of Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

I am directed to request the favor of early orders of Government on this Office Letter No.2636/71 dated 15th Ultimo, submitting for approval a draft Addenda to the Rules relating to the enrolment of Advocates and Pleaders as also to the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examination Rules as applications for enrolment are being received.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your Most Obedient Servant;

Ag:REGISTRAR.

197

80 25-16
Mis 1722 of 13/12/1900.
Read, 192
L.R. 2-89-19

Letter No 2636/71 dated

the 15th October 1900,

from the Registrar

of the Chief Court of

mysore, submitting

for the approval

of Government, draft

addenda to the rules

relating to Advocates

and Pleaders* ~~Rules~~ as

rules of the

also to the Mysore

Local Service and

Pleaders' Examinat

(24)

To be issued from
the General Branch.
[illegible]

* (substitute this for the)

hours. ~~Duties.~~

Order thereon

Approved:

2. The addenda will be published in the next and the two following issues of the Mysore Gazette.

12/11/65

By Secy:

To,

The Registrars of the Chief Court of Mysore.

Compiled Mysore Gazette

1901-1902

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

2-89-90

GENERAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 8th May 1902

No. 17844-83
G.F. 349-92

Ordering the publication of consolidated Rules relating to the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations.

SBP—21-5-02—200

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS :—

(1) Letter No. 220, dated 19th April 1901, from the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations.

In compliance with the Proceedings of Government No. 8351—Mis. 1792, dated the 19th December 1900, I have the honor to submit for the approval of Government a draft Notification consolidating the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examination Rules with certain slight modifications (indicated below) which have received the approval of the President and the Members of the Board.

In the subjects prescribed, Rules and Regulations replaced by later enactments are duly noted. The only change made is the substitution of "Macpherson's Law of Mortgages in British India" in lieu of the Transfer of Property Act IV of 1882, which is not in force in Mysore. The Board considers that it will be useful to make the candidates study the general principles governing the subject of Mortgages.

The portions prescribed in Volume II of the Civil Account Code have been removed. For some time past questions have not been set on these portions as Volume II is not available to the public, only Volume I being sold by the Government of India.

The note to Rule 1 has been altered. When a candidate appear for the Civil, Part I, and Criminal Examinations in the same year, he has of course to answer only one paper on Evidence. But the rule now in force exempting candidates who have passed the Civil, Part I, or Criminal Examination in any year from answering the paper on Evidence when they appear in any subsequent year for either the Criminal or the Civil, Part I, Examination is undesirable. No such exemption is allowed in the case of the Special Test Examination in Madras. Candidates are also some times at a disadvantage as they have to secure passing marks in the other subjects only (excluding Evidence).

The provision regarding grace marks (2nd clause of Rule 4 in the draft) is expunged. Since the minima required for a pass were raised in 1898 not a single candidate came within the operation of this rule.

In Rule 8 (b) "Assistant" is substituted for "Deputy" as several candidates, especially those appearing for the minor examinations (such as Registration etc.,) find it difficult to obtain a certificate of character from an Officer "of or above the rank of a Deputy Commissioner."

To Rule 10 a clause has been added dispensing with the production of a certificate of physical fitness in the case of candidates appearing for the Pleaders' Examinations following the Madras practice in the matter.

The note under Rule 12 is re-cast so as to make the matter clear.

The form of application prescribed by Rule 13 is slightly altered so as to conform to the form in actual use now.

I am to request that the Notification may, after approval, be published at a very early date in the *Mysore Gazette* so that candidates for the examinations to be held in November 1901, may have timely notice of the changes. Besides the Rules have to be printed in book form for sale to the public at the Government Book Depot. The present stock has been exhausted and all applicants have been informed that the Rules are being revised and copies will shortly be made available.

(2) Letter No. 207, dated 12th February 1902, from the same Officer.

In continuation of this Office letter No. 220—E., dated the 19th April 1901, submitting for the approval of Government, a draft Notification consolidating the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations Rules, I am directed to state that the said draft Notification has to be amended in respect of the syllabus of subjects for the Revenue and Excise Examinations owing to the passing of the new Revenue Rules and Excise Regulation and the publication of the Revenue Manual. In Rule 1 under the head Revenue Examination the following has to be substituted for the syllabus already given :—

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
(a) Mysore Land Revenue Law.	Mysore Land Revenue Code (Regulation IV of 1888).	150
(b) Mysore Land Revenue Rules.	(1) Mysore Land Revenue Rules in force. (2) Mysore Revenue Manual, Part I, Chapters V to IX, Edition of 1901.	100
	Total ...	250

Under IV Excise Examination substitute the following :—

Subject.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
Excise	(1) Excise Regulation V of 1901 and Rules in force. (2) Opium Act I of 1878 and Rules framed thereunder.	100
	Total ...	100

I am to request that the Rules may be approved and notified in the *Gazette* at an early date, so that candidates for the examinations to be held in November next may have timely notice of the changes.

No. 17844-83—G. F. 349-92, DATED BANGALORE, 8TH MAY 1902.

ORDER THEREON.—The Government approve, subject to a few modifications, of the draft Notification submitted with the letters read above.

2. The following Notification will be published in the *Mysore Gazette.*

H. V. NANJUNDAYYA,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Secretary to the Board of Examiners.
The Heads of Departments.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Compiler, *Mysore Gazette,* with Notification.

RULES OF THE MYSORE LOCAL SERVICE AND PLEADERS' EXAMINATIONS.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 17884—G. F. 349-92, dated the 8th May 1902.

The following consolidated Rules relating to the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations, in supersession of all previous Rules are hereby published for general information :—

1. There shall be held annually the following examinations, namely :—

I. Revenue Examination.
II. Civil Examination.
III. Criminal Examination.
IV. Excise Examination.
V. Accounts Examination.
VI. Registration Examination.
VII. Forests Examination.
VIII. Law of Practice and Procedure.

The subjects prescribed for these examinations and the maximum number of marks assigned to each subject are given below:—

I.—Revenue Examination.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
(a) Mysore Land Revenue Law.	Mysore Land Revenue Code (Regulation IV of 1888) as amended by Regulations II of 1891 and III of 1892.	150
(b) Mysore Revenue Rules.	(1) Mysore Land Revenue Rules in force ... (2) Mysore Revenue Manual, Part I, Chapter V to IX (Edition of 1901) omitting Appendices II to V of Chapter VI.	100
	Total ...	250

II.—Civil Examination.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
PART I.		
(a) Evidence ...	Indian Evidence Act I of 1872 (as amended by Act XVIII of 1872, Regulation X of 1900, and Regulation No. VIII of 1901.)	80
(b) Contracts ...	Indian Contract Act IX of 1872	100
(c) Hindu and Mahomedan Law.	(1) Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage. (2) Shadagopacharlu's Manual of Mahomedan Law.	150
(d) Torts & Easements ...	(1) Collett on the Law of Torts and Measure of Damages. (2) The Easements Act V of 1882.	100
	Total for Part I ...	430
PART II.		
(a) Mortgages and Specific Relief.	(1) Macpherson's Law of Mortgages in British India. (2) Specific Relief Act I of 1877.	100
(b) Procedure.	(1) Code of Civil Procedure (Regulation II of 1884 as amended by Regulation II of 1887; VII of 1892 and Regulation No. VI of 1901.) (2) Mysore Limitation (Regulation III of 1896.)	150
	Total for Part II ...	250

NOTE 1.—The questions on Hindu Law will be restricted to general principles and the doctrines followed in Southern India.

NOTE 2.—Candidates will be permitted to pass in Parts I and II of the Civil Examination in different years, and for the purpose of Rules 4 and 8 each part will be treated as a separate examination.

III.—Criminal Examination.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
(a) Evidence ...	Indian Evidence Act I of 1872 (as amended by Act XVIII of 1872, Regulation X of 1900, and Regulation No. VIII of 1901.)	80
(b) Penal Code ...	Indian Penal Code Act XLV of 1860 as amended by Acts XXVII of 1870 and XIX of 1872 and Regulation II of 1894.	100
(c) Criminal Procedure ...	(1) Code of Criminal Procedure (Regulation I of 1886 as amended by Regulation I of 1888.) (2) Village and Regular Police Rules for the time being in force in Mysore.	100
	Total ...	280

IV.—Excise Examination.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
Excise	(1) Excise Regulation V of 1901 and Rules in force. (2) Opium Act I of 1878 and Rules framed thereunder.	100
	Total ...	100

V.—Account Examination.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
Accounts	(1) Civil Account Code, Chapters 1 to 10, 13, 15, 16, 18 to 21, 23, 24, 26, 29 to 31, in Volume I, 6th Edition, with the forms alluded to therein. (2) Mysore Service Regulations	100
	Total ...	100

VI.—Registration Examination.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
Stamp Law and Registration.	(1) Mysore Stamp Regulation II of 1900 and Rules framed thereunder. (2) Mysore Court Fees Regulation III of 1900 and Rules framed thereunder. (3) Regulation Act III of 1877, as amended by Act XII of 1879 and Regulation VIII of 1894, and Rules framed thereunder.	100
	Total ...	100

General, dated 8th May 1902.

VII.—Forest Examination.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum number of marks for each subject.
Forests	Mysore Forest Regulation XI of 1900 (as amended by Regulation No. IX of 1901) and Rules framed thereunder.	100
	Total ...	100

NOTE (1)—Candidates appearing in the same year for Civil, Part I, and Criminal Examinations will be required to answer only one paper on the Law of Evidence.

NOTE (2)—The Regulations, Acts, and Rules prescribed under any examination shall be subject to such modifications, amendments or alterations as may from time to time be made, according as the law may be changed or as Government may direct and candidates shall be expected to be acquainted with all such alterations provided they have been published or notified not later than 6 months from the date of the examination.

3. The examination shall ordinarily be conducted in English. It will, however, be conducted in Kannada in the case of Officers of not less than ten years' standing in the Mysore Service, who are unacquainted with the English language, and also of persons not in the service of Government who are, under clause (*f*) of Rule 8 of these Rules, allowed for the Registration Examination alone in Kannada.

NOTE.—The term Officers means "Superior Officers" as defined in Articles 256 and 257 of the Mysore Service Regulations.

4. Candidates who may obtain not less than one-third of the maximum number of marks prescribed for each subject and not less than two-fifths of the total number of marks for all the subjects of an examination, shall be declared to have passed that examination. The successful candidates in the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations will be placed in the 1st or 2nd Class according as they obtain not less than three-fifths or two-fifths of the aggregate number of marks in all the subjects. The arrangement in the first class shall be in the order of merit. Candidates appearing for the examinations in the Law of Practice and Procedure provided for by Rule 8 (*g*) must secure 35 per cent of the total marks allotted for the two papers for that examination.

5. No person who has not passed the examinations specified below will be eligible for the appointments noted opposite to them :—

Examinations.	Appointments.
Revenue, Civil and Criminal ...	Assistant Commissioner, Subordinate Judge or Munsiff
Revenue and Criminal	Amildar or Deputy Amildar.
Excise	Officers and subordinates of the Excise Department of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.
Accounts	Subordinates of the Comptroller's Office and in District Treasuries of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.
Registration	Sub-Registrars and subordinates of the Registration Department of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.
Forests	Officers and subordinates of the Forest Department of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.

6. (*a*) Persons who have passed the examination prescribed for the degree of Bachelor or Master of Laws in any Indian University, will be exempted from passing the Civil and Criminal Examinations under these rules.

(*b*) Persons who have passed the examination prescribed for Pleaders of the 1st grade held by the Chief Court under Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884, or who have otherwise qualified themselves for enrolment as first grade Pleaders in Mysore, or who have passed the Civil and Criminal Examinations held under Government Notification No. 215, dated 29th January 1885, will be exempted from passing the Civil and Criminal Examinations under these rules.

(*c*) Persons who have passed the Revenue Examination held under Government Notification No. 215, dated 29th January 1885, will be exempted from passing the Revenue, Excise, Forests, Registration and Account Examinations under these rules.

(*d*) Persons who have passed the Judicial and Revenue Tests for Amildars prescribed by Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 121, dated 24th June 1871, will be exempted from passing the Revenue, Criminal, Excise, Forests, Registration and Account Examinations under these rules.

(*e*) Persons who have passed the Lower Standard, Judicial and Revenue Examinations under the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 63, dated 5th July 1869, or No. 249, dated 15th December 1873, or No. 175, dated 23rd October 1878, will be exempted from passing the Revenue, Criminal, Excise, Forests, Registration and Account Examinations under these rules.

(*f*) Persons who have passed the Higher Standard Examination under the Notification quoted in the last preceding clause, will be exempted from passing the Civil Examination under these rules.

(*g*) Persons who have passed the Judicial, Revenue and Finance Examinations under the Chief Commissioner's Notification, dated 7th April 1880, will be exempted from passing respectively, the Civil and Criminal, the Revenue, Excise, Forests, Registration and Account Examinations under these rules.

(*h*) Persons who have passed the Local Munsiff's test, prescribed by Chief Commissioner's letter to the Judicial Commissioner. No. 6767-160, dated 14th March 1874, will be exempted from passing the Civil and Criminal Examinations under these rules.

(*i*) Persons who have passed the Madras Special Test Examination, Civil and Criminal Higher Grade, held before the 31st December 1886, shall be exempted from passing respectively, the Civil and Criminal Examinations prescribed by these rules.

7. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing rule, the Government reserve to themselves the power to exempt from passing the Civil Examination any person who has for a period of not less than ten years satisfactorily discharged the duties of Amildar or Assistant Superintendent of Revenue Survey or both, when such officer is promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissioner, or to exempt any Assistant Commissioner employed in the Police, Revenue or other Executive Department of the Administration from passing Part II of the Civil Examination.

8. Persons possessed of either of the following qualifications shall be entitled to present themselves for any of the examinations above specified:—

(*a*) Any person who has been for not less than five years in the service of Government, or employed in the Municipalities in Mysore, or in institutions maintained by the State out of Provincial Revenues, or Local Funds, or from the Palace budget or under the British Resident in Mysore, or who may hold an appointment as above, the substantive salary of which is not less than Rs. 25 per month, and who produces a certificate from his official superior as to (1) the length of his service on present substantive salary, (2) the efficient manner in which he has discharged his duties and (3) his respectability of character and good moral conduct or,

NOTE 1.—Every applicant must have put in five years' service at the time of making his application for examination.

NOTE 2.—Shanbhogs and other village officers are excluded from Rules 3 and 8 (a) as they are not salaried officers of Government. The said Rules do not contemplate hereditary officers who are remunerated under special system.

(*b*) Any person who produces a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts or other higher examination in Arts of any Indian University and also a certificate from the Principal of the College in

which he was educated or from a Mysore Officer of or above the rank of an Assistant Commissioner, of his being by respectability of character and good moral conduct a fit candidate for admission into the Mysore Public Service.

NOTE.—Persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination are allowed to appear for the Pleaders' Examination of the second grade either as a whole or in parts, by paying fees for such part as they may take up.

(*c*) Officials employed in the Treasury and Account Departments of the State and in the Excise Commissioner's Office whose substantive pay is not less than Rs. 15 per mensem, will however, be allowed to appear for the Accounts Examination.

(*d*) Clerks, Accountants and members of the executive staff employed in the Excise Department, whose substantive pay is not less than Rs. 15 per mensem will also be allowed to appear for the Excise Examination alone.

(*e*) Officials of the Forest Department whose substantive pay is not less than Rs. 15 per mensem will however, be allowed to appear for the Forests Examination alone.

(*f*) Persons not in the service of Government who have passed the Mysore Lower Secondary Examination or the Matriculation of any of the Indian Universities, taking Kannada as their optional language, will be allowed to appear for the Registration Examination alone in Kannada

(*g*) Persons required to pass an examination in the Law of Practice and Procedure under the Rules relating to the admission of Advocates will be allowed to appear for the paper on the Code of Civil Procedure and the Indian Limitation Act prescribed for the Civil Examination, Part II, and the paper in the Code of Criminal Procedure and Police Rules prescribed for the Criminal Examination.

9. Any Advocate of the Chief Court of Mysore shall also be entitled to present himself for the Revenue, Excise, Forests, Registration and Accounts Examinations above specified upon production of his certificate or other proof of enrolment as such Advocate.

10. Every candidate must produce a certificate of his being above 20 years of age and of his physical fitness for the Public Service from a Medical Officer of or above the grade of a Civil Surgeon, but no such certificate is required in the case of officials who may have already furnished it. Candidates appearing for the Pleaders' Examinations are required to produce only a certificate that they are over 20 years of age. No certificate of physical fitness is necessary.

11. Every candidate must send his application to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, so that it may reach him on or before the 31st August of each year.

12. Every candidate must pay into a District or a Taluk Treasury in the Mysore State an admission fee calculated as follows for each examination he wishes to present himself for:—

		Rs.
I.	Revenue Examination	7
II.	Civil Examination, Part I	7
II.	Civil Examination, Part II	5
III.	Criminal Examination	7
IV.	Excise Examination	5
V.	Accounts Examination	5
VI.	Registration Examination	5
VII.	Forest Examination	5
VIII.	Law of Practice and Procedure	7

The fee will be returned if the candidate's certificates are not considered satisfactory. No refund or reservation of the fee will be allowed under any other circumstances.

13. Every application should be in the subjoined form and be accompanied by—

(1) the certificates prescribed by paras 8, 9 and 10;

(2) a Treasury Officer's receipt for payment of the fee prescribed by para 12.

Form of application for Admission into the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations.

Name in full.	Father's name.	Residence and full address.	Age.	Whether applicant claims admission under clause a, b, c, d, e, f, g, or note to b of Rule 8 or Rule 9.	If applicant is in the Public Service			Examination for which the candidate wishes to appear.			Examination, if any, which the candidate has already passed.	Description of enclosures produced.			Remarks.
					Date of commencement of service.	Designation of present appointment.	Present substantive pay.	a	Language. b	Where to be examined. c		Certificate of qualifications under Rules 8 and 9.	Certificate of age and physical fitness under Rule 10.	Receipt of fee paid under the rules.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			10	11	12	13	14

By Order,

H. V. NANJUNDAYYA,

Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

8/ 117 1902 9

2

To, 7-89-21

The Editor,
Mysore Gazette.

Dated 14 June 1902

No 1925-3
Misc 349-92

Has the honour to state that in para 2 of Govt Proc No 17844-85 C. 349-92 dated the 8th May, 02, he was requested to publish in the Gazette notfn no 17884 C. 349-92 dated the 8th idem ~~publishing~~ the Consolidated rules relating to the Mysore Local Service & Pleaders' Examinations, and to observe that the same has not yet been published in the Gazette, ~~although~~ ~~5 times~~ while an addendum to the said Rules has been

published in the
issue of the Gazette dated
the 12th instant.
It is therefore requested
that the will be so
good as to publish
the Notification referred
to in the next issue
of the Gazette, and to
submit for the orders
of Govt the explan
of the Official or Officials
concerned for such
a serious omission
with his opinion
thereon.

(which has been apparently lost sight of)

By order

Asst
Secy 13/6

AM
13/6/20

The addendum may be inserted in its proper place 2nd W. Correct Copy enclosed

3 1174 Mus. 3851.

G 25.6.02

OFFICE OF THE 1902
Regd. No. 1622
25 JUN 1902
MYSORE

From G. HUME WRIGHT, Esq.,
SUPERINTENDENT,
GOVT. PRINTING IN MYSORE.

To H. V. Nanjundayya, Esqr.,
M.A., M.L.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore
Legal & Rev. Depts.

Dated 20th June 1902.
Despatched
Received

General No. 1174
No.

Enclosure No. one

Secy's docket No. 19253 dd 14th June
Mus 7347-02

With reference to the above, has the honor to state that the notification is plain enough, and I cannot understand how the Manager failed to note the order for Publication, it is plain for him to read, and if the Proceedings passed through his hands as stated by him, he could not fail to see it. It is a most unsatisfactory state of affairs, and has brought

Sub
DD
25/6/02

Subd to the 3rd Cr
The Notifn had been duly published in the Mysore Gazette.
The papers may be filed. 27/6/02

25/7/02

Subd to the Officer
in waiting to carry a copy
of the Notification
to the Comptroller
of Stamps Minerals
and Forests
15/7

Officer
Explains 27/7/02
15/7/02

out the necessity for the Superintendent to see into every detail of execution of work in the Press, notwithstanding there is a Manager especially appointed for this purpose, who is supposed to be well up in the details. The undersigned is only gradually learning the details of the Press work and does not profess any technical knowledge, yet he is inclined to think that he could work the Press just as well, if not, better with the other members of the Press staff, and without the Manager. Copies of Manager's explanations submitted

G Thurnewright
Superintendent,
Govt: P: in Mysore.

Genl & Rev: Secy's Dkt No 19253
Mis 7349-92

dated 14th June 1902.

Sir

With reference to the ex-
planation, called for in
the above case, I beg to submit
that it has been an in-
variable practice to send
"copy" to Press of matters for
the Gazette, addressed se-
parately to the "Compiler
Mysore Gazette". Any volume
of Proceedings will show
that though "proceedings
are sent to "Superintendent
Government Press", if it
contains matter for
publication as well "Copy
is sent separately to "Com-
piler" (examples will be
found in Volume of Pro-
ceedings for August 1901
put up). Sometimes a
printed

The Govt: Order says publish in Gazette.

This is not necessary.

printed copy of the proceedings is sent; at others, if urgent, a type-written copy is sent to "Compiler, Mapone Gazette."

In the present instance, P.R. 2592 is the printed copy of the proceedings which had been sent, but it did not come to my hand till I had sent for it today, as a reference to it has been made in the docket-order reply, it being filed in the office, as will be apparent from the docket itself. nor was it sent the Gazette Section-holder direct, as is done with all Gazette matter, to save circumlocution.

(sd) C. B. Hodgkinson,

17th June 1902.

Gazette Clerk, explain, & state if copy was sent to Manager.

(Ind) G. H. W.

17/6/02

Manager will please state if the matter for Publication in the Gazette was set up in the weekly Proceedings and copies sent to Government, also if this matter was Kept standing, and if so, why, and why the forme was not transferred to the Gazette

Gazette when the Proceedings
No. 178 44-83-G. 7 349-92, dated
8th May 1902, which passed
through the hands of the
Manager, distinctly says
"the following notifica-
-tion will be published in
the Mysore Gazette."

(Sd) G. Hanne Wright,
19-6-02.

Sir,

Copy was set up, and
spare copies despatched
in the first instance, then
the weekly volume of
Proceedings; after which,
the "matter" was put aside
for insertion in its correct
place in the monthly volume
of Proceedings. "Matter" was
"standing" for the last-named
purpose, namely, for being
inserted in its correct place
in the volume of Proceedings
for May 1902. Forms were
not sent to the Gazette Section
as no requisition was
made for them by the
Gazette Section-holder
who had received no "copy"
or intimation, which in
the first case goes through
the Gazette registers, main-
-tained in the office. All
"copy" of Proceedings passes
through my hands, before
being set up, but it is
impossible for me to
rea-